

Kathleen Schrater.  
8 USC 1101 note.

SEC. 2. For the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Kathleen Schrater shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon payment of the required visa fee.

Approved May 10, 1956.

Private Law 621

CHAPTER 260

May 10, 1956  
[S. 83]

AN ACT

To waive certain provisions of section 212 (a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act in behalf of three aliens.

Ottilie H. Lachelt and Maria M. Federico.  
66 Stat. 182.  
8 USC 1182.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That, notwithstanding the provision of section 212 (a) (9) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Ottilie Hitzlberger Lachelt and Maria Michela Federico may be admitted to the United States for permanent residence if they are found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of that Act.

Dorin U. Baron.  
8 USC 1182.

SEC. 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 212 (a) (9) and (19) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Dorin Ursulesku Baron may be admitted to the United States for permanent residence if he is found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of that Act, and the said Dorin Ursulesku Baron shall be classified as a nonquota alien under the provision of section 101 (a) (27) (B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

66 Stat. 169.  
8 USC 1101.

SEC. 3. The exemptions provided for in this Act shall apply only to grounds for exclusion of which the Department of State or the Department of Justice had knowledge prior to the enactment of this Act.

Approved May 10, 1956.

Private Law 622

CHAPTER 261

May 10, 1956  
[S. 1255]

AN ACT

For the relief of Brigitta Poberetski and Nickolas Menis.

Brigitta Poberetski and Nickolas Menis.  
66 Stat. 169, 180.  
8 USC 1101, 1155.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That, for the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Brigitta Poberetski, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Wendt, citizens of the United States.

SEC. 2. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Nickolas Menis shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Mr. and Mrs. Antonio N. Panopoulos, citizens of the United States.

Approved May 10, 1956.

Private Law 623

CHAPTER 262

May 10, 1956  
[S. 1905]

AN ACT

For the relief of Winston Bros. Company and the Utah Construction Company and the J. A. Terteling & Sons, Inc.

Winston Bros. Company and others.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary

of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Winston Bros. Company and the Utah Construction Company, jointly, the sum of \$102,475.41, and to J. A. Terteling & Sons, Inc., the sum of \$24,666.41. The payment of such sums shall be in full satisfaction of all claims of Winston Bros. Company and the Utah Construction Company and J. A. Terteling & Sons, Inc., against the United States for compensation for increased costs incurred as the result of the disruption or delay in performing certain construction work for the Bureau of Reclamation on the Columbia Basin project under contracts numbered 12r-16197, dated June 28, 1946, 12r-16796, dated October 25, 1946, and 12r-16745, dated October 25, 1946. Such disruption or delay was caused by insufficient appropriations by the Congress to continue payment for the normal construction schedules for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1948. The sums appropriated by this Act are the amounts of damages found by the Court of Claims, acting pursuant to Senate Resolution 343, Eighty-second Congress, to have been suffered by the said construction firms because of such disruption or delay.

SEC. 2. No part of the amounts appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with these claims, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000.

Approved May 10, 1956.

## Private Law 624

## CHAPTER 263

## AN ACT

For the relief of Joseph Righetti and Marjorie Righetti.

May 10, 1956  
[H. R. 1470]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That Joseph Righetti and Marjorie Righetti, of Santa Rosa, California, are hereby relieved of all liability to refund to the United States the sum of \$557.40. Such sum represents the amount of certain payments erroneously made by the Veterans' Administration to Joseph Righetti and Marjorie Righetti under the Servicemen's Indemnity Act of 1951, by reason of the death of their son, James Chatelain. In the audit and settlement of the accounts of any certifying or disbursing officer of the United States, full credit shall be given for the amount for which liability is relieved by this Act.

Joseph and Marjorie Righetti.

65 Stat. 33,  
38 USC 851 note.

Approved May 10, 1956.

## Private Law 625

## CHAPTER 264

## AN ACT

For the relief of William F. Friedman.

May 10, 1956  
[H. R. 2068]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay to William F. Friedman, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$100,000, in full settlement for all rights in respect of his inventions in connection with military, naval, and air communications facilities which are now or at any time have been placed in secrecy

William F. Friedman.