AN ACT

Relating to effective dates of increases in compensation granted to wage board employees.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That each increase in rates of basic compensation granted, pursuant to a wage survey, to employees of the Federal Government or of the municipal government of the District of Columbia whose compensation is fixed and adjusted from time to time as nearly as is consistent with the public interest in accordance with prevailing rates under authority of section 202 (7) of the Classification Act of 1949 (5 U. S. C. 1082 (7)) or section 7474 of title 10 of the United States Code shall become effective, as follows:

(1) if the wage survey is conducted by a department or agency (either alone or with one or more other departments or agencies) with respect to its own employees, such increase shall become effective for such employees not later than the first day of the first pay period which begins on or after the forty-fifth day, excluding Saturdays and Sundays, following the date on which such wage survey was ordered to be made; and

(2) if the wage survey is conducted by a department or agency (either alone or with one or more other departments or agencies) and is utilized by any department or agency which did not conduct such wage survey, such increase shall become effective, for the employees of the department or agency utilizing such wage survey, not later than the first day of the first pay period which begins on or after the twentieth day, excluding Saturdays and Sundays, following the date on which the department or agency utilizing such wage survey receives the data collected in such wage survey and necessary for the granting of such increase.

SEC. 2 (a) Retroactive compensation shall be paid, by reason of any increase in rates of basic compensation referred to in the first section of this Act, only in the case of an individual in the service of the United States (including service in the Armed Forces of the United States) or the municipal government of the District of Columbia on the date of issuance of the order granting such increase, except that such retroactive compensation shall be payable—

(1) to an employee who retired during the period beginning on the effective date of the increase in rates of basic compensation and ending on the date of issuance of the order granting such increase, for services rendered during such period, and

(2) in accordance with the provisions of the Act of August 3, 1950 (Public Law 636, Eighty-first Congress), as amended (5 U. S. C. 61f–61k), for services rendered during the period described in paragraph (1) of this subsection, by an employee who dies during such period.

(b) Such retroactive compensation shall not be considered as basic salary for the purposes of the Civil Service Retirement Act in the case of any such retired or deceased employee.

(c) For the purposes of this section, service in the Armed Forces of the United States, in the case of an individual relieved from training and service in the Armed Forces of the United States or discharged from hospitalization following such training and service, shall include the period provided by law for the mandatory restoration of such individual to a position in or under the Federal Government or the municipal government of the District of Columbia.
SEC. 3. For the purpose of determining the amount of insurance for which an individual is eligible under the Federal Employees' Group Life Insurance Act of 1954 (5 U. S. C. 2091-2103), each increase in rates of basic compensation referred to in the first section of this Act shall be held and considered to be effective as of the date of issuance of the order granting such increase or as of the effective date of such increase if such effective date occurs later.

SEC. 4. The foregoing sections of this Act shall not apply to any increase in rates of basic compensation granted pursuant to any wage survey described in paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) of the first section of this Act and which was ordered, prior to September 1, 1958, to be made.

Approved September 2, 1958.

Public Law 85-873

AN ACT

To authorize the exchange of certain real property heretofore conveyed to the city of El Paso, Texas, by the United States, for other real property of equal value, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State is authorized to enter into an agreement with the city of El Paso, Texas, and Hill Lines, Incorporated, El Paso, Texas, providing for the exchange of a portion of the real property conveyed to such city by the United States under the deed of August 26, 1936, recorded in volume 615, page 349, of the deed records of El Paso County, Texas, for other real property of not less than equal value (as determined by the Secretary of State), title to which is held by Hill Lines, Incorporated.

SEC. 2. (a) When the agreement referred to in the first section of this Act is concluded, the Secretary of State, the city of El Paso, and Hill Lines, Incorporated, shall exchange such deeds and other instruments as may be required by the laws of the State of Texas to—

(1) effect a waiver of the reversionary interest of the United States with respect to the real property to be conveyed to Hill Lines, Incorporated, by the city of El Paso under such agreement;

(2) vest in the United States, with respect to the real property to be conveyed to the city of El Paso by Hill Lines, Incorporated, under such agreement, a reversionary interest of like intent and legal effect as that retained by the United States with respect to the real property conveyed to the city of El Paso under the deed of August 26, 1936; and

(3) effect the exchange, between the city of El Paso and Hill Lines, Incorporated, of the real property covered by such agreement.

(b) No deed or other instrument executed under subsection (a) of this section shall be valid until all deeds and other instruments necessary to carry out the provisions of such subsection (a) have been executed and exchanged.

(c) The Secretary of State is authorized to execute, on behalf of the United States, such deeds and other instruments as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of subsection (a) of this section.

SEC. 3. The exchange of real property authorized by this Act shall be without cost to the United States.

Approved September 2, 1958.