land, of no greater value, comprising not in excess of five and three-tenths acres of land situated adjacent to and in the immediate rear of the Arlington Hotel in Hot Springs, Arkansas.

Approved August 18, 1958.

Public Law 85-680

AN ACT

To amend section 207 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 so as to modify and improve the procedure for submission to the Attorney General of certain proposed surplus property disposals for his advice as to whether such disposals would be inconsistent with the antitrust laws.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 207 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 is amended to read as follows:

"APPLICABILITY OF ANTITRUST LAWS"

"Sec. 207. (a) Except as provided by subsection (c), no executive agency shall dispose of any plant, plants, or other property to any private interest until such agency has received the advice of the Attorney General on the question whether such disposal would tend to create or maintain a situation inconsistent with the antitrust laws. Whenever any such disposal is contemplated by any executive agency, such agency shall transmit promptly to the Attorney General notice of such proposed disposal and the probable terms or conditions thereof. If such notice is given by any executive agency other than the General Services Administration, a copy of such notice shall be transmitted simultaneously to the Administrator. Within a reasonable time, in no event to exceed sixty days, after receipt of such notification, the Attorney General shall advise the Administrator and any other interested executive agency whether, so far as he can determine, the proposed disposition would tend to create or maintain a situation inconsistent with the antitrust laws.

"(b) Upon request made by the Attorney General, the Administrator or any other executive agency shall furnish or cause to be furnished to the Attorney General such information as the Administrator or such other executive agency may possess which the Attorney General determines to be appropriate or necessary to enable him to give the advice required by this section, or to determine whether any other disposition or proposed disposition of surplus property violates or would violate any of the antitrust laws.

"(c) This section shall not apply to the disposal of—

"(1) real property if the aggregate amount of the original acquisition cost of such property to the Government and all capital expenditures made by the Government with respect thereto is less than $1,000,000; or

"(2) personal property (other than a patent, process, technique, or invention) with an acquisition cost of less than $3,000,000.

"(d) Nothing contained in this Act shall impair, amend, or modify any of the antitrust laws or limit or prevent the application of any such law to any person who acquires in any manner any property under the provisions of this Act."
"As used in this section, the term ‘antitrust laws’ includes the Act of July 2, 1890 (ch. 647, 26 Stat. 209), as amended; the Act of October 15, 1914 (ch. 323, 38 Stat. 730), as amended; the Federal Trade Commission Act (38 Stat. 717), as amended; and sections 73 and 74 of the Act of August 27, 1894 (28 Stat. 570), as amended."

Approved August 19, 1958.

Public Law 85-681

AN ACT

To amend the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection a. of section 53 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by deleting “or” at the end of paragraph “(2)”; by changing the period at the end of paragraph “(3)” to a semicolon; and by adding the following at the end of the subsection:

“(4) for such other uses as the Commission determines to be appropriate to carry out the purposes of this Act.”

SEC. 2. That subsection c. of section 53 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by deleting in both the first and second sentences the words “subsection 53a (1) or subsection 53a (2)” and inserting in lieu thereof in both sentences “subsection 53a (1), (2) or (4)”.

SEC. 3. That section 68 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 68. PUBLIC AND ACQUIRED LANDS.—

b. Any reservation of radioactive mineral substances, fissionable materials, or source material, together with the right to enter upon the land and prospect for, mine, and remove the same, inserted pursuant to Executive Order 9613 of September 13, 1945, Executive Order 9701 of March 4, 1946, the Atomic Energy Act of 1946, or Executive Order 9908 of December 5, 1947, in any patent, conveyance, lease, permit, or other authorization or instrument disposing of any interest in public or acquired lands of the United States, is hereby released, remised, and quitclaimed to the person or persons entitled upon the date of this Act under the grant from the United States or successive grants to the ownership, occupancy, or use of the land under applicable Federal or State laws: Provided, however, That in cases where any such reservation on acquired lands of the United States has been heretofore released, remised, or quitclaimed subsequent to August 12, 1954, in reliance upon authority deemed to have been contained in the Atomic Energy Act of 1946, as amended, or the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as heretofore amended, the same shall be valid and effective in all respects to the same extent as if public lands and not acquired lands had been involved. The foregoing release shall be subject to any rights which may have been granted by the United States pursuant to any such reservation, but the releasees shall be subrogated to the rights of the United States.”

SEC. 4. Section 123 c. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by substituting a colon for the period at the end thereof and adding the following: “Provided, however, That the Joint Committee, after having received such agreement for cooperation, may by resolution in writing waive the conditions of all or any portion of such thirty-day period.”