Public Law 85-758

AN ACT
To convey certain land to the Makah Tribe of Indians.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to those lands lying within the Makah Indian Reservation, Washington, more particularly described in subsection (b) of this section are hereby conveyed to the Makah Indian Tribe.

(b) Easterly 50.0 feet of portion of Government lot 6, section 11, township 33 north, range 15 west, Willamette meridian, and the westerly 250.0 feet of a portion of Government lot 7, section 12, township 33 north, range 15 west, Willamette meridian, comprising 3.01 acres more or less.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law such land may be leased, sold, or otherwise disposed of by the sole authority of the Makah Tribal Council in any manner similar land in the State may be leased, sold, or otherwise disposed of by private landowners. The land shall not be exempt from taxation because of Indian tribal ownership.


Public Law 85-759

AN ACT
To provide for improved methods of stating budget estimates and estimates for deficiency and supplemental appropriations.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 201 of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921, as amended, is further amended by adding the following new subsections:

"(b) Whenever the President determines there has been established a satisfactory system of accrual accounting for an appropriation or fund account, each proposed appropriation thereafter transmitted to the Congress for such account pursuant to the provisions of this Act shall be accompanied by a proposed limitation on annual accrued expenditures. The President may include in the Budget with any such proposed limitation on annual accrued expenditures, proposals for provisions authorizing the head of a department or establishment to make transfers, within his department or establishment, between such limitations on annual accrued expenditures; and such provisions may limit by amount or by per centum the size of any transfer so proposed.

"(c) Whenever an appropriation is subject to a limitation on annual accrued expenditures, there shall be charged against the limitation the cost of goods and services and other assets received, advance payments made and progress payments becoming due, and the amount of any other liabilities becoming payable, during the fiscal year concerned.

"(d) At the end of the fiscal year concerned, any unused balance of the limitation on annual accrued expenditures shall lapse, except that whenever any liabilities are incurred within the limitation provided for in any fiscal year (whether or not recorded or reported in such fiscal year), nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the making of payment therefor in any subsequent fiscal year."
“(e) Any obligations incurred during the fiscal year concerned or in prior fiscal years which do not result in liabilities becoming payable during the fiscal year concerned shall be charged against the limitation on annual accrued expenditures for any succeeding fiscal year in which such obligations may result in liabilities becoming payable.

“(f) Nothing in subsections (b) through (e) of this section shall be construed to change existing law with respect to the method or manner of making appropriations or the incurring of obligations under appropriations.”

Sec. 2. (a) It shall be in order to provide in any bill or joint resolution making appropriations, or in any amendment thereto, limitations on annual accrued expenditures covering amounts becoming payable as a result of obligations incurred both in the fiscal year concerned and in prior fiscal years, and to include in any such bill or joint resolution provisions authorizing the head of a department or establishment to make transfers, within his department or establishment, between such limitations on annual accrued expenditures; and such provisions may limit by amount or by per centum the size of any transfer so provided for.

(b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section are enacted by the Congress—

(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate and the House of Representatives, respectively, and as such they shall be considered as part of the rules of each House, respectively, or of that House to which they specifically apply; and such rules shall supersede other rules only to the extent that they are inconsistent therewith; and

(2) with full recognition of the Constitutional right of either House to change such rules (so far as relating to the procedure in such House) at any time, in the same manner and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of such House.

Sec. 3. This Act, and the amendments made thereby shall cease to be in effect April 1, 1962.

Approved August 26, 1958.

Public Law 85-760

AN ACT

To remove the present $1,000 limitation which prevents the settlement of certain claims arising out of the crash of an aircraft belonging to the United States at Worcester, Massachusetts, on July 18, 1957.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the $1,000 limitation on claims contained in the paragraph under the center heading "Claims" in title II of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1958, and title II of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1959, shall not apply with respect to claims arising out of the crash on July 18, 1957, at Worcester, Massachusetts, of an aircraft belonging to the United States and being operated on a routine training flight by a member of the Air National Guard while on a camp of instruction.

Sec. 2. Payments made pursuant to the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1958, and the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1959, for death, personal injury, and property loss claims, shall not be subject to insurance subrogation claims in any respect. No pay-