Private Law 85-682

AN ACT
For the relief of Kunio Inouye (Sparkman).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Kunio Inouye (Sparkman), shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Lois Sparkman, a citizen of the United States: Provided, That no natural parent of Kunio Inouye (Sparkman), by virtue of such relationship, shall be accorded any right, status, or privilege under the Immigration and Nationality Act.

Approved August 26, 1958.

Private Law 85-683

AN ACT
For the relief of Marianne (Sachiko) Fuller.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Marianne (Sachiko) Fuller, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Jean M. Fuller, a citizen of the United States: Provided, That no natural parent of Marianne (Sachiko) Fuller, by virtue of such relationship, shall be accorded any right, status, or privilege under the Immigration and Nationality Act.

Approved August 26, 1958.

Private Law 85-684

JOINT RESOLUTION
To facilitate the admission into the United States of certain aliens.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Garifalia Kilerzes, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Coster, citizens of the United States.

SEC. 2. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Fitzgerald Browne, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of McDonald Fitzgerald Browne, a citizen of the United States.

SEC. 3. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Katija Bozanja, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Mr. and Mrs. Tony Kurtela, citizens of the United States.

SEC. 4. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Norma Conchita Magrecia Valmores shall be held and considered to be the minor natural-born alien child of Mr. Sinforoso Aparis, a citizen of the United States.
SEC. 5. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Alberto Salarisio Caramanzana, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Mr. and Mrs. Adolfo Caramanzana, citizens of the United States.

SEC. 6. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Walid Tawfiq Nassar, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Courie, citizens of the United States.

SEC. 7. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Lee MacDonald, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Lieutenant Angus MacDonald, a citizen of the United States.

SEC. 8. For the purposes of sections 203 (a) (3) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Lucia Trombetta, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born minor alien child of Mr. and Mrs. Antonio Trombetta, lawful residents of the United States.

SEC. 9. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Assunta Ristagno, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Ristagno, citizens of the United States.

SEC. 10. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Eleni Hangemanole, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Vaseleou Hangemanole, citizens of the United States.

SEC. 11. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Janusz Kurylko, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Anna Kurylko, a citizen of the United States.

SEC. 12. For the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Nikoleta Lampropoulou, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born minor alien child of Mr. and Mrs. James Zouboukos, citizens of the United States.

SEC. 13. The natural parents of the beneficiaries of sections 1, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10, and 12 of this Act shall not, by virtue of such parentage, be accorded any right, privilege or status under the Immigration and Nationality Act.

SEC. 14. In the administration of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Eiko Soeno, the fiancée of William C. Peoples, a citizen of the United States, shall be eligible for a visa as a nonimmigrant temporary visitor for a period of three months: Provided, That the administrative authorities find that the said Eiko Soeno is coming to the United States with a bona fide intention of being married to the said William C. Peoples and that she is found otherwise admissible under the immigration laws. In the event the marriage between the above-named persons does not occur within three months after the entry of the said Eiko Soeno, she shall be required to depart from the United States and upon failure to do so shall be deported in accordance with the provisions of sections 242 and 243 of the Immigration and Nationality Act. In the event that the marriage between the above-named persons shall occur within three months after the entry of the said Eiko Soeno, the Attorney General is authorized and directed to record the lawful admission for permanent residence of the said Eiko Soeno as of the date of the payment by her of the required visa fee.

SEC. 15. In the administration of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Salvatore Verderaime, the fiancé of Sarah Testa, a citizen of the
United States, shall be eligible for a visa as a nonimmigrant temporary visitor for a period of three months: Provided. That the administrative authorities find that the said Salvatore Verderaime is coming to the United States with a bona fide intention of being married to the said Sarah Testa and that he is found otherwise admissible under the immigration laws. In the event the marriage between the above-named persons does not occur within three months after the entry of the said Salvatore Verderaime, he shall be required to depart from the United States and upon failure to do so shall be deported in accordance with the provisions of sections 242 and 243 of the Immigration and Nationality Act. In the event that the marriage between the above-named persons shall occur within three months after the entry of the said Salvatore Verderaime, the Attorney General is authorized and directed to record the lawful admission for permanent residence of the said Salvatore Verderaime as of the date of the payment by him of the required visa fee.

Approved August 26, 1958.

Private Law 85-685

AN ACT
For the relief of Massman-Patti-Tanner and Mitchell.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $17,037.98 to Massman-Patti-Tanner and Mitchell, of Kansas City, Missouri, in full settlement of all claims against the United States. Such sum represents reimbursement of premium wages paid to employees, and State taxes thereon, for services performed in connection with the rehabilitation of the Sunflower Ordnance Works near Lawrence, Kansas, under cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contract numbered DA-23-028-ENG-440, dated January 2, 1951: Provided, That prior to the payment of the sum provided for in this Act, Massman-Patti-Tanner and Mitchell of Kansas City, Missouri, shall be required to present evidence establishing that its subcontractors have been fully reimbursed for premium wages paid by those subcontractors for work under said contract: And provided further, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.

Approved August 26, 1958.

Private Law 85-686

AN ACT
For the relief of John F. Smith.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Chief Electrician John F. Smith, United States Navy, retired (serial number 377839), is relieved of liability to repay to the United States the