

Private Law 85-455

AN ACT

For the relief of Haseep Milhem Esper.

June 28, 1958
[S. 2718]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Haseep Milhem Esper, who lost United States citizenship under the provisions of section 401 (e) of the Nationality Act of 1940, may be naturalized by taking prior to one year after the effective date of this Act, before any court referred to in subsection (a) of section 310 of the Immigration and Nationality Act or before any diplomatic or consular officer of the United States abroad, the oaths prescribed by section 337 of the said Act. From and after naturalization under this Act, the said Haseep Milhem Esper shall have the same citizenship status as that which existed prior to its loss.

Haseep M. Esper.
54 Stat. 1169.
8 USC 801 note.66 Stat. 239, 258.
8 U S C 1421,
1448.

Approved June 28, 1958.

Private Law 85-456

AN ACT

For the relief of Moo Wah Jung.

June 28, 1958
[S. 2849]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Moo Wah Jung shall be held and considered to be the minor alien child of Peter Shu Jung, a citizen of the United States.

Moo Wah Jung.
66 Stat. 169, 180.
8 U S C 1101,
1155.

Approved June 28, 1958.

Private Law 85-457

AN ACT

For the relief of Joseph H. Choy.

June 28, 1958
[S. 2940]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Joseph H. Choy shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of April 5, 1941, upon payment of the required visa fee. Upon the granting of permanent residence to such alien as provided for in this Act, the Secretary of State shall instruct the proper quota-control officer to deduct one number from the appropriate quota for the first year that such quota is available.

Joseph H. Choy.
66 Stat. 163.
8 USC 1101 note.

Quota deduction.

Approved June 28, 1958.

Private Law 85-458

AN ACT

For the relief of Tommy Ilton Chatterton (Tommy Kim).

June 28, 1958
[S. 3124]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of sections 101 (a) (27) (A) and 205 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, the minor child, Tommy Ilton Chatterton (Tommy

Tommy I. Chatterton.
66 Stat. 169, 180.
8 U S C 1101,
1155.

Kim), shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien child of Colonel David H. Chatterton, a citizen of the United States.

Approved June 28, 1958.

Private Law 85-459

JOINT RESOLUTION

July 2, 1958
[H. J. Res. 577]

To waive certain provisions of section 212 (a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act in behalf of certain aliens.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Charles G. J. Giles.
66 Stat. 182.
8 USC 1182.

SEC. 1. Notwithstanding the provision of section 212 (a) (3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Charles Grant John Giles may be issued a visa and admitted to the United States for permanent residence if he is found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of that Act: *Provided*, That a suitable and proper bond or undertaking, approved by the Attorney General, be deposited as prescribed by section 213 of the said Act.

8 USC 1183.

Norvall A. Olson.
8 USC 1182.

SEC. 2. Notwithstanding the provision of section 212 (a) (1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Norvall Arnold Olson may be issued a visa and admitted to the United States for permanent residence if he is found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of that Act: *Provided*, That a suitable and proper bond or undertaking, approved by the Attorney General be deposited as prescribed by section 213 of the said Act.

8 USC 1183.

Joerg Baxter.
8 USC 1182.

SEC. 3. Notwithstanding the provision of section 212 (a) (4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Joerg Baxter may be issued a visa and admitted to the United States for permanent residence if he is found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of that Act: *Provided*, That a suitable and proper bond or undertaking, approved by the Attorney General, be deposited as prescribed by section 213 of the said Act.

8 USC 1183.

Herman S. G. Chiu.
8 USC 1182.

SEC. 4. Notwithstanding the provision of section 212 (a) (19) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Herman Shin Gee Chiu may be issued a visa and admitted to the United States for permanent residence if he is found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of that Act.

Heinz Kohn.
8 USC 1182.

SEC. 5. Notwithstanding the provision of section 212 (a) (9) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Heinz Kohn may be issued a visa and admitted to the United States for permanent residence if he is found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of that Act.

Jacob Y. Harms.
8 USC 1182.

SEC. 6. Notwithstanding the provision of section 212 (a) (1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Jacob Ype Harms may be issued a visa and admitted to the United States for permanent residence if he is found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of that Act: *Provided*, That a suitable and proper bond or undertaking, approved by the Attorney General, be deposited as prescribed by section 213 of the said Act.

8 USC 1183.

Emilia Montijo de Mendez.
8 USC 1182.

SEC. 7. Notwithstanding the provision of section 212 (a) (31) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Emilia Montijo de Mendez (nee Montijo-Zabalza) may be issued a visa and admitted to the United States for permanent residence if she is found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of that Act.

SEC. 8. The exemptions provided for in this Act shall apply only to grounds for exclusion of which the Department of State or the Department of Justice had knowledge prior to the enactment of this Act.

Approved July 2, 1958.