son violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.

Approved July 15, 1958.

Private Law 85-470

JOINT RESOLUTION
For the relief of certain aliens.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Carlo DiMarzio shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon payment of the required visa fee; Provided, That a suitable and proper bond or undertaking, approved by the Attorney General, be deposited as prescribed by section 213 of the said Act.

Sec. 2. For the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Sultane P. Aboudi, Tadeusz Gasowski, Anita Soave, Jose Maria Chan-Caballero, Mrs. Chie Imaizumi Chao, Clement Alphonso Kepple, Magallano Tiong, Joseph Wha Dee Loo, Margaret Chan Loo, Mary Loo, Josephine Loo, John Loo, Ivo Paiva, Ryoichi Izawa, Anton Stanak, Tran Dinh Khe, Mrs. Ping Ying Chang Tai, Nora Pi-Yen Tai, Yuan Shing Tai, Siufeng Huang, and Amado Martelino shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon payment of the required visa fees. Upon the granting of permanent residence to each alien as provided for in this section of this Act, if such alien was classifiable as a quota immigrant at the time of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall instruct the proper quota-control officer to reduce by one the quota for the quota area to which the alien is chargeable for the first year that such quota is available.

Sec. 3. For the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Louis Rodriguez (alias Rudolfo Rivera) shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon payment of the required visa fee.

Sec. 4. The Attorney General is authorized and directed to cancel any outstanding orders and warrants of deportation, warrants of arrest, and bonds, which may have issued in the cases of Emilia Rodrigues Padilha, Maria Carmela DiMascio, Charlotte A. Ruffman, Ingeborg Bildii, Cherine Khalil Matta, and Hannah Bloomfield. From and after the date of the enactment of this Act, the said persons shall not again be subject to deportation by reason of the same facts upon which such deportation proceedings were commenced or any such warrants and orders have issued: Provided, That suitable and proper bonds or undertakings, approved by the Attorney General, be deposited as prescribed by section 213 of the Immigration and Nationality Act in the cases of Ingeborg Bildii and Cherine Khalil Matta.

Sec. 5. Mrs. Sebastiano Poletto, who lost United States citizenship under the provisions of section 401 (e) of the Nationality Act of 1940, may be naturalized by taking, prior to one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, before any court referred to in subsection (a) of section 310 of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
or before any diplomatic or consular officer abroad, the oaths pre­
scribed by section 337 of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
From and after naturalization under this Act, the said Mrs. Sabas-
tiano Poletto shall have the same citizenship status as that which
existed immediately prior to its loss.

SEC. 6. Hideo Konya, who lost his United States citizenship under
the provisions of section 401 (e) of the Nationality Act of 1940, may
be naturalized by taking, prior to one year after the effective date
of this Act, before any court referred to in subsection (a) of section
310 of the Immigration and Nationality Act or before any diplomatic
or consular officer of the United States abroad, the oaths prescribed
by section 337 of the said Act. From and after naturalization under
this Act, the said Hideo Konya shall have the same citizenship status
as that which existed immediately prior to its loss.
Approved July 15, 1958.

Private Law 85-471

AN ACT
For the relief of Matilda Strah.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the pur­
poses of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Matilda Strah shall
be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United
States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this
Act, upon payment of the required visa fee. Upon the granting of
permanent residence to such alien as provided for in this Act, the
Secretary of State shall instruct the proper quota-control officer to
deduct one number from the appropriate quota for the first year that
such quota is available.
Approved July 18, 1958.

Private Law 85-472

AN ACT
For the relief of Elisabeth Lesch and her minor children, Gonda, Norbert, and
Bobby.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in the admin­
istration of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Elisabeth Lesch,
the fiancée of Sergeant First Class William R. Hopper, a citizen of
the United States, and her minor children, Gonda, Norbert, and
Bobby, shall be eligible for visas as nonimmigrant temporary visitors
for a period of three months: Provided, That the administrative au­
thorities find that the said Elisabeth Lesch is coming to the United
States with a bona fide intention of being married to the said Sergeant
First Class William R. Hopper and that they are found otherwise ad­
missible under the immigration laws, except that section 212 (a) (9)
of the said Act shall be inapplicable in the case of Elisabeth Lesch:
Provided further, That the exemption provided herein in the case of
the said Elisabeth Lesch shall apply only to a ground for exclusion of
which the Department of State or the Department of Justice has
knowledge prior to the enactment of this Act. In the event the mar­
rriage between the above-named persons does not occur within three