of 10 per centum thereof” and in lieu thereof insert: “Not more than 10 per centum of any payment provided for by this Act”; and
On page 5, line 4, strike out “this claim” and in lieu thereof insert “the claim for which such payment is made”.
Agreed to February 24, 1958.

UNKNOWN AMERICANS OF WORLD WAR II AND KOREAN CONFLICT

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the rotunda of the United States Capitol may be used from May 28, 1958, through May 30, 1958, both dates inclusive, for the remains of the unknown American of the Second World War and of the unknown American of the Korean conflict to lie in state, and for appropriate proceedings and ceremonies in connection therewith.
Passed March 6, 1958.

"FOREIGN TRADE POLICY"

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That there be printed for the use of the Committee on Ways and Means, House of Representatives, two thousand additional copies of the compendium of papers entitled “Foreign Trade Policy—Compendium of Papers on United States Foreign Trade Policy Collected by the Staff for the Subcommittee on Foreign Trade Policy of the Committee on Ways and Means”.
Passed March 6, 1958.

NATIONAL LIBRARY WEEK

Whereas the Congress of the United States has recognized the vital educational and cultural role of libraries in the United States by the enactment of the Library Services Act, approved June 19, 1956; and
Whereas the Library Services Act is now in operation in forty-three of the forty-eight States as a means of finding ways of bringing adequate public library service to some twenty-seven million Americans, largely in rural areas, hitherto without such service or with totally inadequate service; and
Whereas State and local governments, professional associations, and citizen’s groups recognize that much remains to be done to improve the availability of the full resources of the printed word to all of our people for education, self-improvement, cultural advancement, and fulfilling the responsibilities of citizens in a democracy; and
Whereas the National Book Committee and the American Library Association, in cooperation with numerous other citizens’ organizations, business and professional groups, and volunteer associations, have designated the week of March 16-22, 1958, as the first National Library Week; and
Whereas National Library Week will increase support for libraries from the highest levels of leadership in the civic, economic, professional, and cultural life of the United States; will expose the need for the extension and improvement of school and public library services; will offer opportunities for librarians to work more closely with newspaper, magazine, and advertising executives in broadening the use of printed materials; will attract wider public attention to library services through features in national media; and will promote prestige for reading itself by showing the vital role the printed
National Library Week.

National Library Week.

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating the seven-day period beginning on March 16, 1958, and ending on March 22, 1958, both dates inclusive, as "National Library Week", and calling upon the people of the United States to observe such week with appropriate ceremonies.

Passed March 14, 1958.

ACCELERATION OF PUBLIC WORKS

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That since there is substantial unemployment in many areas of the country; since some of the productive facilities of our economy are idle and many are only partially utilized; since permitting an economic downturn to continue unchecked makes it less responsive to corrective action; and since there are many authorized and urgently needed civil construction projects for which substantial appropriations have already been made;

It is hereby declared to be the sense of the Congress that all such construction programs for which funds have been appropriated should be accelerated to the greatest practicable extent so as to achieve the desirable objectives of reducing unemployment, putting our productive facilities to fuller use, and moving forward the date of completion of these projects which will contribute greatly to enhanced national productivity and continued economic growth and prosperity.

The Congress commends the President and the executive agencies for such action as they have taken to accelerate these programs.

Agreed to March 19, 1958.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That since there is substantial unemployment in many areas of the country; since some of the productive facilities of our economy are idle and many are only partially utilized; since permitting an economic downturn to continue unchecked makes it less responsive to corrective action; and since there are many authorized and urgently needed military construction projects for which substantial appropriations have already been made;

It is hereby declared to be the sense of the Congress that all such military construction programs for which funds have been appropriated should be accelerated to the greatest practicable extent so as to achieve the desirable objectives of reducing unemployment, putting our productive facilities to fuller use, and moving forward the date of completion and availability of these projects which are vital to our national defense.

The Congress commends the President and the executive agencies for such action as they have taken to accelerate these programs.

Agreed to March 19, 1958.