the United States of the said Robert Burns DeWitt arising out of the recruiting, quarterming, provisioning, and transportation of troops by him for service with the United States Armed Forces during World War I: Provided, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or agents, or attorney or attorneys, on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.


Private Law 87-64

AN ACT
For the relief of Doctor Tung Hui Lin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Doctor Tung Hui Lin shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of November 25, 1959, upon payment of the required visa fee. Upon the granting of permanent residence to such alien as provided for in this Act, the Secretary of State shall instruct the proper quota-control officer to deduct one number from the appropriate quota for the first year that such quota is available.


Private Law 87-65

AN ACT
For the relief of Jeno Becsey.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Jeno Becsey shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of January 3, 1957: Provided, That a suitable and proper bond or undertaking, approved by the Attorney General, be deposited as prescribed by section 213 of the said Act.

Approved June 29, 1961.

Private Law 87-66

AN ACT
For the relief of Kay Addis.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Kay Addis shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon payment of the required visa fee. Upon the granting of