Public Law 89-219

AN ACT

To provide for the measurement of the gross and net tonnages for certain vessels having two or more decks, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

That as used in this Act:

(a) The term “uppermost complete deck” means the uppermost complete deck of a vessel exposed to sea and weather, which shall be deemed to be that deck which has permanent means of closing all openings in the weather portions thereof, provided that any opening in the side of the vessel below that deck, other than an opening abaft a transverse watertight bulkhead placed aft of the rudder stock, is fitted with permanent means of watertight closing.

(b) The term “second deck” means the deck next below the uppermost complete deck which is continuous in a fore-and-aft direction at least between peak bulkheads, is continuous athwartships, is fitted as an integral and permanent part of the vessel’s structure, and has proper covers to all main hatchways. Interruptions in way of propelling machinery space openings, ladder and stairway openings, trunks, chain lockers, cofferdams, or steps not exceeding a total height of forty-eight inches shall not be deemed to break the continuity of the deck.

(c) The term “trunks” as used in the definition of second deck shall be deemed to refer to hatch or ventilation trunks which do not extend longitudinally completely between main transverse bulkheads.

(d) The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sec. 2. In the measurement of a vessel under sections 4148, 4151, and 4153 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (46 U.S.C. 71, 75, 77), upon application of the owner and approval by the Secretary, there shall be omitted from inclusion in the gross tonnage—

(a) those spaces available for the carriage of dry cargo or stores which are located between the uppermost complete deck and the second deck, and other spaces so located which would be omitted from gross tonnage under the provisions of section 4153 if above the upper deck, provided that a tonnage mark is placed and displayed on the vessel in accordance with the provisions of this Act, so long as that tonnage mark is not submerged;

(b) those spaces which are located on or above the uppermost complete deck and which are available for the carriage of dry cargo or stores, without regard to whether a tonnage mark is placed or displayed on the vessel or, if placed or displayed, without regard to whether that mark is submerged; and

(c) those spaces which are located on the uppermost complete deck and which are used for cabins or staterooms, provided that a tonnage mark is placed and displayed on the vessel, so long as that tonnage mark is not submerged.

Sec. 3. The tonnage mark shall be a horizontal line, upon which shall be placed for identification an inverted equilateral triangle, with its apex on the midpoint of the line. The mark shall be placed and displayed on each side of the vessel, subject to such specifications as to location and dimensions as are prescribed in regulations issued under this Act.

Sec. 4. No tonnage mark shall be required to be placed or displayed above the statutory summer loadline prescribed in accordance with the
applied loadline convention, except that, when a vessel's statutory loadline is assigned on the assumption that the second deck is the freeboard deck, the tonnage mark may be permitted to be placed and displayed on a line level with the uppermost part of the loadline grid.

Sec. 5. Except when the tonnage mark is placed and displayed on the vessel at the level prescribed in section 4 hereof, an additional line may be added to the tonnage mark, subject to such specifications as to location and dimensions as are prescribed in regulations issued under this Act.

Sec. 6. The tonnage mark shall be deemed to be submerged when the upper edge of the mark is under water, except that if the vessel is marked with the additional line in accordance with section 5 of this Act and is in fresh water or in tropical waters the tonnage mark shall not be deemed to be submerged unless the upper edge of the additional line is under water.

Sec. 7. In a case in which a vessel measured under this Act and other applicable statutes has a tonnage mark placed and displayed at a place other than a line level with the uppermost part of the loadline grid, any measurement certificate or marine document reciting tonnages issued to such vessel shall show the gross and net tonnages applicable when the tonnage mark is submerged and the gross and net tonnages applicable when the mark is not submerged. In any other case in which a vessel is measured under this Act and other applicable statutes, any measurement certificate or marine document reciting tonnages issued to such vessel shall show only one set of gross and net tonnages, taking into account all applicable omissions or exemptions.

Sec. 8. In a case in which an application for omission of spaces is filed under section 2 of this Act for a vessel for which a statutory loadline is not required and is not assigned, the line of the uppermost complete deck shall be marked in the manner specified for marking the deck line in the international loadline convention in force.

Sec. 9. Section 4149 of the Revised Statutes (46 U.S.C. 72) is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 4149. The Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe how evidence of admeasurement shall be given."

Sec. 10. Section 4150 of the Revised Statutes (46 U.S.C. 74) is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 4150. A vessel's marine document shall specify such identifying dimensions, measured in such manner, as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe."

Sec. 11. Section 4153 of the Revised Statutes (46 U.S.C. 77) is amended by inserting before the first paragraph the following:

"The tonnage deck, in vessels having three or more decks to the hull, shall be the second deck from below; in all other cases the upper deck of the hull is to be the tonnage deck. All measurements are to be taken in feet and decimal fractions of feet."

Sec. 12. The Secretary shall make such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 13. Any person who makes a false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or representation in any matter in which such statement or representation is required to be made to the Secretary in any regulation issued under this Act shall be subject to a penalty of not more than $1,000 for each such statement or representation.

Sec. 14. If any tonnage mark required to be placed and displayed on a vessel in any regulation issued under this Act by the Secretary is not so placed or displayed or if the mark at any time shall cease
to be continued on the vessel, such vessel shall be subject to a penalty of $30 on every subsequent arrival in a port of the United States.

Sec. 15. Any penalty incurred under this Act may be remitted or mitigated by the Secretary under the provisions of section 5294 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (46 U.S.C. 7).

Approved September 29, 1965.

Public Law 89-220

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of Commerce to undertake research and development in high-speed ground transportation, and for other purposes.

Passed by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, consistent with the objective of promoting a safe, adequate, economical, and efficient national transportation system, the Secretary of Commerce (hereafter in this Act referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to undertake research and development in high-speed ground transportation, including, but not limited to, components such as materials, aerodynamics, vehicle propulsion, vehicle control, communications, and guideways.

Sec. 2. The Secretary is authorized to contract for demonstrations to determine the contributions that high-speed ground transportation could make to more efficient and economical intercity transportation systems. Such demonstrations shall be designed to measure and evaluate such factors as the public response to new equipment, higher speeds, variations in fares, improved comfort and convenience, and more frequent service. In connection with contracts for demonstrations under this section, the Secretary shall provide for financial participation by private industry to the maximum extent practicable.

Sec. 3. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to limit research and development carried out under the first section or demonstrations contracted for under section 2 to any particular mode of high-speed ground transportation.

Sec. 4. The Secretary is authorized to collect and collate transportation data, statistics, and other information which he determines will contribute to the improvement of the national transportation system. In carrying out this activity, the Secretary shall utilize the data, statistics, and other information available from Federal agencies and other sources of the greatest practicable extent. The data, statistics, and other information collected under this section shall be made available to other Federal agencies and to the public insofar as practicable.

Sec. 5. (a) There is hereby established in the Department of Commerce an advisory committee consisting of seven members who shall be appointed by the Secretary without regard to the civil service laws. The Secretary shall designate one of the members of the Advisory Committee as its Chairman. Members of the Advisory Committee shall be selected from among leading authorities in the field of transportation.

(b) The Advisory Committee shall advise the Secretary with respect to policy matters arising in the administration of this Act, particularly with respect to research and development carried out under the first section and contracts for demonstrations entered into under section 2.

Sec. 6. (a) In carrying out the provisions of section 2 of this Act, the Secretary shall provide fair and equitable arrangements, as determined by the Secretary of Labor, to protect the interests of the