NONINTERFERENCE WITH OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES

Sec. 4. The amendments made by section 2 of this Act shall not be construed as superseding or limiting the functions, under any other provision of law, of any officer or agency of the United States.

Approved October 18, 1968.

Public Law 90-603

AN ACT

To amend title 37, United States Code, to clarify the conditions under which physicians and dentists who extend their service on active duty in a uniformed service may be paid continuation pay.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 311 (a) (2) of title 37, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(2) has completed his initial active duty obligation; and"

Sec. 2. The amendment made by this Act becomes effective as of January 1, 1968.

Approved October 18, 1968.

Public Law 90-604

AN ACT

To authorize the disposal of magnesium from the national stockpile.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Administrator of General Services is hereby authorized to dispose of, by negotiation or otherwise, approximately fifty-five thousand short tons of magnesium now held in the national stockpile established pursuant to the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 90-98h). Such disposition may be made without regard to the provisions of section 3 of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act: Provided, That the time and method of disposition shall be fixed with due regard to the protection of the United States against avoidable loss and the protection of producers, processors, and consumers against avoidable disruption of their usual markets.

Approved October 18, 1968.

Public Law 90-605

AN ACT

To amend the Act of August 9, 1955, relating to certain common carrier operations in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the regulation of fares for the transportation of schoolchildren in the District of Columbia", approved August 9, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 44-214a), is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 2. In the case of any common carrier required to furnish transportation to schoolchildren at a reduced fare under this Act, the Wash-
An Act
To authorize the establishment of the Biscayne National Monument in the State of Florida, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in order to preserve and protect for the education, inspiration, recreation, and enjoyment of present and future generations a rare combination of terrestrial, marine, and amphibious life in a tropical setting of great natural beauty, the Secretary of the Interior may establish the Biscayne National Monument within so much of the area in the State of Florida as generally depicted on the drawing entitled "Biscayne National Monument Boundary Map," numbered NM-BIS 7101, and dated May 1966, which drawing is superimposed on a photographic reproduction of a portion of Coast and Geodetic Survey Chart Numbered 1249 (eighth edition, December 20, 1965, correction numbered 22, dated May 28, 1966) as lies north of the north boundary of the channel easement shown thereon. The drawing shall be on file and available for public inspection in the offices of the National Park Service, Department of the Interior. The Secretary may revise the boundaries of the national monument from time to time, but the total acreage of the national monument shall not exceed ninety-six thousand three hundred acres and no boundary shall be revised outward or in such a manner as to obstruct any seaport channel which may be hereafter constructed outside the boundaries hereinbefore referred to.

Sec. 2. (a) Within the boundaries of the Biscayne National Monument, the Secretary of the Interior may acquire lands, waters, or interests therein by donation, purchase with donated or appropriated funds, or exchange. The Secretary may in addition acquire by any of the above methods not more than eighty acres of land or interests therein on the mainland for a headquarters site, and not more than forty acres of land or interests therein on Key Largo for a visitor contact site.

(b) When acquiring property by exchange the Secretary may accept title to any non-Federal property within the boundaries of the national monument, and outside of such boundaries within the limits prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, and in exchange therefor he may convey to the grantor of such property any federally owned property under his jurisdiction in the State of Florida which he classifies as...