sixty-eight and of the Independence of the United States of America
the one hundred and ninety-second.

The White House,
June 6, 1968.

Proclamation 3854
FLAG DAY AND NATIONAL FLAG WEEK, 1968
By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

On June 14, 1777, in Philadelphia, the Continental Congress raised
a symbol of hope and freedom for our infant Nation. It resolved that
our flag should be a banner of thirteen alternating red and white
stripes, with thirteen white stars in a field of blue.

The United States flag has become an inspiration not to one people
alone, but to millions abroad who seek justice and equality.

It flies above a land, and represents a people, blessed by fortune
and labor to know prosperity and promise beyond any in the history
of man.

Yet it has too often been carried into battle, or lowered to mark
tragedy.

It is our task to work toward the day when it may be raised above
a land in peace, a land of genuine equality and dignity, a land of
justice under law—a land where neither violence nor oppression holds
sway.

We should revere our flag, and the dream it represents. And we
should re-dedicate ourselves to achieving that just and peaceful
America over which it may proudly wave.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, LYNDON B. JOHNSON, President of
the United States of America, do hereby designate the week beginning
June 9, 1968, as National Flag Week. I direct the appropriate Govern­
ment officials to display the flag on all Government buildings during
the week. And on Flag Day, June 14, I urge all Americans to fly the
flag.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this
eighth day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and
sixty-eight, and of the Independence of the United States of America
the one hundred and ninety-second.

Proclamation 3855
AMENDING PROCLAMATION NO. 3385, DESIGNATING RESTRICTED
WATERS UNDER THE GREAT LAKES PILOTAGE ACT OF 1960
By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

WHEREAS, pursuant to section 3(a) of the Great Lakes Pilotage
Act of 1960 (74 Stat. 259; 46 U.S.C. 216a (a) ), the President designated