

PRIVATE LAWS

FIRST SESSION, NINETY-SECOND CONGRESS

Private Law 92-1

AN ACT

To provide for the placement of Lieutenant General Keith B. McCutcheon, United States Marine Corps, when retired, on the retired list in the grade of general.

May 21, 1971
[H. R. 7500]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, Lieutenant General Keith B. McCutcheon, United States Marine Corps, when retired, shall be placed on the retired list in the grade of general: *Provided,* That he shall be entitled to retired pay based on the highest grade held by him while on the active list.

Lt. Gen.
Keith B.
McCutcheon,
USMC.

Approved May 21, 1971.

Private Law 92-2

AN ACT

For the relief of Robert F. Cheatwood, Walter R. Cottom, Kenneth Greene, Kenneth L. March, Ernest Levy, and the Estate of Charles J. Hiler.

June 30, 1971
[H. R. 1890]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to each of the following persons and to the Estate of Charles J. Hiler the amounts set forth in the following schedule:

Robert F. Cheatwood and others.

Robert F. Cheatwood.....	\$117.71
Walter R. Cottom.....	131.21
Kenneth Greene.....	117.71
Kenneth L. March.....	117.71
Ernest Levy.....	99.71
Estate of Charles J. Hiler.....	131.21

These amounts are in full settlement of the respective claims of the aforementioned individuals against the United States for per diem payments for Army Reserve active duty training performed at Reading, Pennsylvania, on detached duty from the Indiantown Gap Military Reservation, Annville, Pennsylvania, from April 19, 1966, to April 28, 1966, inclusive. No part of the amount appropriated in this Act shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000.

Approved June 30, 1971.

Private Law 92-3

AN ACT

For the relief of Philip C. Riley and Donald F. Lane.

June 30, 1971
[H. R. 2011]

Philip C. Riley
and Donald F.
Lane.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, on such terms as it deems just, the United States Postal Service is hereby authorized to comprise, release, or discharge in whole or in part the liability of Philip C. Riley and Donald F. Lane, clerks at the Wakefield, Massachusetts post office, to the United States for the loss resulting from the burglary at the Wakefield post office on the night of June 19 and 20, 1968.

Approved June 30, 1971.

Private Law 92-4

AN ACT

For the relief of Miss Linda Ortega.

June 30, 1971
[H. R. 2036]

Linda Ortega.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Miss Linda Ortega, of Lake Arrowhead, California, the sum of \$578.40 in full settlement of all her claims against the United States arising out of the actions of the United States Air Force in failing to provide her with the medical care (in connection with the delivery of her child) to which she was entitled as a recently discharged member of the military service. No part of the amount appropriated in this Act shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000.

Approved June 30, 1971.