

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RICHARD NIXON, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the week beginning July 14, 1974, as Captive Nations Week.

I call upon the people of the United States to observe this week with appropriate ceremonies and activities, and I urge rededication to the cherished ideal of freedom for all.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twelfth day of July, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred seventy-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred ninety-ninth.

RICHARD NIXON

Proclamation 4303

July 13, 1974

United States Space Week, 1974

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

Just five years ago, two Americans thrilled the world when they took man's first steps on the moon.

The heavens have intrigued and mystified man for all of recorded history. In that single journey five years ago, man's knowledge of our universe, diligently gathered over the centuries, resulted in a spectacular leap away from the earth.

That leap was more than a tribute to man: it was also a tribute to America, for it would never have been possible without a concerted, cooperative effort joining Government, industry and science. Organized and led by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration and supported by our citizens, the Apollo program showed what America can do when our people agree to a goal and follow through to achieve it.

The knowledge to be gained from space will lead to scientific, technological, medical and industrial advances which cannot be fully perceived today. In time man may take for granted in the heavens such wonders as we cannot imagine—just as superhighways across America would amaze the Puritans of 1620 or transatlantic flights would astound

those who passed on the legend of Icarus. But we know that a beginning has been made that will affect the course of human life forever.

It is entirely fitting that we should commemorate the beginnings of man's journey into his universe on the anniversary of that first landing on the moon by the men of Apollo 11.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RICHARD NIXON, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the period July 16 through July 24, 1974, as United States Space Week and urge the people of the Nation to mark this period in ways that express their pride in the leading role our Nation has played in the exploration and use of space which can contribute so greatly to a better land and a better world.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this thirteenth day of July, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred seventy-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred ninety-ninth.

RICHARD NIXON

Proclamation 4304

July 16, 1974

Termination, in Part, of the Suspension of Benefits of Trade Agreement Concessions and Adjustment of Duty on Certain Brandy

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

1. WHEREAS, pursuant to the authority vested in him by the Constitution and the statutes of the United States of America, including sections 252(c) of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C. 1882(c)) and section 350(a)(6) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1351(a)(6)), the President, in response to certain unreasonable import restrictions on poultry from the United States maintained by the European Economic Community (the EEC), suspended, by Proclamation No. 3564 of December 4, 1963, the application of the benefits of certain trade agreement concessions;

2. WHEREAS, the President has determined that it is in the interest of the United States to restore, in part, the application of the benefits of trade agreement concessions suspended by Proclamation No. 3564