

(3) Seven members of the House of Representatives to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, three upon recommendation of the minority leader of the House of Representatives.

(b) The members of the joint committee shall select a chairman and a vice chairman from among its members. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Any vacancy in the membership of the joint committee shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.

(c) For the purposes of paragraph 6 of rule XXV of the Standing Rules of the Senate, service of a Senator as a member or chairman of the joint committee shall not be taken into account.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the joint committee to—

(1) make arrangements for a joint meeting of the Congress to be held on Wednesday, January 27, 1982, or such other day as may be designated by the Speaker, in the Hall of the House of Representatives in commemoration of the centennial of the birth of Franklin Delano Roosevelt;

(2) plan the proceedings of and issue appropriate invitations for such joint meeting; and

(3) coordinate the joint committee's arrangements with the activities of such organizations as it deems appropriate which have been established to observe such centennial.

SEC. 3. The joint committee may—

(1) appoint an Executive Director, who shall serve without compensation, and accept such other volunteer services of individuals as it deems appropriate;

(2) adopt rules respecting its organization and procedures; and

(3) sit and act at such times and places as it shall deem appropriate.

SEC. 4. The expenses of the joint committee under this concurrent resolution may not exceed \$25,000 and shall be paid from the contingent fund of the House of Representatives upon vouchers approved by the chairman of the joint committee.

Agreed to November 24, 1981.

“HOW OUR LAWS ARE MADE”

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the brochure entitled “How Our Laws Are Made”, as set out in House Document Numbered 96-352 of the Ninety-sixth Congress, be printed as a House document, with a suitable paperback cover of a style, design, and color, to be selected by the chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives, with emendations, and with a foreword by the Honorable Peter W. Rodino, Junior; and that there be printed two hundred and forty-six thousand additional copies, of which twenty-five thousand shall be for the use of the Committee on the Judiciary and the balance prorated to the Members of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 2. There shall be printed for the use of the Senate fifty-two thousand additional copies of the document specified in section 1 of this concurrent resolution.

Agreed to December 8, 1981.

Dec. 8, 1981

[H. Con. Res. 106]

Printing as
House
document.

Additional
copies.

**SENATE REAFFIRMATION OF CONGRESSIONAL
BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEAR 1982**

Dec. 10, 1981
[S. Con. Res. 50]

31 USC 1331.

Ante, p. 1743.

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That pursuant to section 310(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the concurrent resolution on the budget most recently agreed to with respect to the fiscal year 1982 (H. Con. Res. 115, Ninety-seventh Congress) is hereby re-affirmed.

SEC. 2. It is the sense of the Congress that—

Whereas the current budget projections are for large deficits in the range of \$76,000,000,000 to \$92,000,000,000 in fiscal year 1982; in the range of \$96,000,000,000 to \$136,000,000,000 in fiscal year 1983; and in the range of \$103,000,000,000 to \$165,000,000,000 in the fiscal year 1984; and

Whereas these large deficits are a primary cause of the historically high interest rates now prevailing; and

Whereas these interest rates are bringing many small businessmen, the automobile industry, farmers, and the housing sector near collapse; and

Whereas the unemployment rate has reached 8 per centum and is likely to increase further; and

Whereas the economy has entered into a recession which could last for many months:

Now therefore it is the sense of the Congress that the economic crisis now facing the American people is so severe that solutions must be found immediately; and

Further, it is the sense of the Congress that the President should submit a plan as soon as possible, to bring interest rates down, to decrease unemployment, to decrease substantially inflation, and to balance the budget in fiscal year 1984; and

Further, it is the sense of the Congress that Presidential guidance and leadership is essential to reach these goals.

SEC. 3. Further, it is the sense of the Senate that prompt congressional action is required to bring interest rates down, decrease unemployment, decrease substantially inflation, and to balance the budget in fiscal year 1984; therefore, it is the sense of the Senate that the Budget Committee report no later than March 31, 1982, a combined revised second concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1982 and a proposed first resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1983, which resolution shall also contain a budget for fiscal year 1984 that shall balance revenues and outlays;

Further, it is the sense of the Senate that Federal outlays be reduced and the Federal budget be balanced through spending reductions in all parts of the budget, including entitlement programs, and revenue increases achieved other than through changes in the accelerated cost recovery system or the individual rate reductions recently enacted in the Economic Recovery Tax Act; and

Further, it is the sense of the Senate that the plan to be submitted by the committee should be a balanced plan which provides for Federal outlays no greater than 20½ per centum of gross national production in fiscal year 1984.

Agreed to December 10, 1981.