An Act

To designate certain National Forest System lands in the State of Washington for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be referred to as the "Washington State Wilderness Act of 1984".

SEC. 2. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) many areas of undeveloped National Forest System lands in the State of Washington possess outstanding natural characteristics which give them high values as wilderness and will, if properly preserved, contribute as an enduring resource of wilderness for the benefit of the American people;

(2) the Department of Agriculture’s second roadless area review and evaluation (RARE II) of National Forest System lands in the State of Washington and the related congressional review of such lands have identified areas which, on the basis of their landform, ecosystem, associated wildlife, and location, will help to fulfill the National Forest System’s share of a quality National Wilderness Preservation System; and

(3) the Department of Agriculture’s second roadless area review and evaluation of National Forest System lands in the State of Washington and the related congressional review of such lands have also identified areas which do not possess outstanding wilderness attributes or which possess outstanding energy, mineral, timber, grazing, dispersed recreation and other values and which should not now be designated as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System but should be available for nonwilderness multiple uses under the land management planning process and other applicable laws.

(b) The purposes of this Act are to—

(1) designate certain National Forest System lands in the State of Washington as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System, in order to promote, perpetuate, and preserve the wilderness character of the lands, protect watersheds and wildlife habitat, preserve scenic and historic resources, and promote scientific research, primitive recreation, solitude, physical and mental challenge, and inspiration for the benefit of all the American people, to a greater extent than is possible in the absence of wilderness designation; and

(2) insure that certain other National Forest System lands in the State of Washington be available for nonwilderness multiple uses.

SEC. 3. In furtherance of the purposes of the Wilderness Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 890, 16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.) the following lands in the State of Washington are hereby designated as wilderness and, therefore, as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System:
(1) certain lands in the Mount Baker-Snoqualmie National Forest, Washington, which comprise approximately forty-nine thousand acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Boulder River Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the Boulder River Wilderness;

(2) certain lands in the Olympic National Forest, Washington, which comprise approximately forty-five thousand eight hundred and seventeen acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Buckhorn Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the Buckhorn Wilderness;

(3) certain lands in the Mount Baker-Snoqualmie National Forest, Washington, which comprise approximately fourteen thousand three hundred acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Clearwater Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the Clearwater Wilderness;

(4) certain lands in the Olympic National Forest, Washington, which comprise approximately twelve thousand one hundred and twenty acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Colonel Bob Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as Colonel Bob Wilderness;

(5) certain lands in the Mount Baker-Snoqualmie and Wenatchee National Forests, Washington, which comprise approximately one hundred twelve thousand six hundred and seven acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Glacier Peak Wilderness Additions—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which are hereby incorporated in and shall be deemed to be a part of the Glacier Peak Wilderness as designated by Public Law 89-577 and Public Law 90-544;

(6) certain lands in the Gifford Pinchot National Forest, Washington, which comprise approximately three thousand and fifty acres as generally depicted on a map entitled "Glacier View Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the Glacier View Wilderness;

(7) the boundary of the existing Goat Rocks Wilderness, as designated by Public Law 89-577, located in the Wenatchee and Gifford Pinchot National Forests, Washington, is hereby revised to include those lands generally depicted on a map entitled "Goat Rocks Wilderness—Revised", dated March 1984;

(8) certain lands in the Wenatchee and Mount Baker-Snoqualmie National Forests, Washington, which comprise approximately one hundred three thousand five hundred and ninety-one acres as generally depicted on a map entitled "Henry M. Jackson Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the Henry M. Jackson Wilderness. The Henry M. Jackson Wilderness is designated in remembrance of Senator Jackson's deep, personal feelings for this area, especially that portion known as "Monte Cristo", which he visited often as a boy. Through such designation, the Congress recognizes his unparalleled contributions to the natural resource policies of the Nation in general and Washington State in particular;

(9) certain lands in the Gifford Pinchot National Forest, Washington, which comprise approximately twenty thousand six hundred and fifty acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Indian Heaven Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the Indian Heaven Wilderness;
(10) certain lands in the Okanogan and Wenatchee National Forests, Washington, which comprise approximately one hundred fifty thousand eight hundred and thirty-three acres as generally depicted on a map entitled "Lake Chelan-Sawtooth Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the Lake Chelan-Sawtooth Wilderness;

(11) certain lands in the Gifford Pinchot National Forest, Washington, which comprise approximately fourteen thousand four hundred and twenty acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Mount Adams Wilderness Additions—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which are hereby incorporated in and shall be deemed to be a part of the Mount Adams Wilderness as designated by Public Law 88–577;

(12) certain lands in the Mount Baker-Snoqualmie National Forest, Washington, which comprise approximately one hundred seventeen thousand nine hundred acres as generally depicted on a map entitled "Mount Baker Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the Mount Baker Wilderness;

(13) certain lands in the Olympic National Forest, Washington, which comprise approximately fifteen thousand six hundred and eighty-six acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Mount Skokomish Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the Mount Skokomish Wilderness;

(14) certain lands in the Mount Baker-Snoqualmie National Forest, which comprise approximately fourteen thousand three hundred acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Noisy-Diobsud Wilderness—Proposed", dated May 1984, and which shall be known as the Noisy-Diobsud Wilderness;

(15) certain lands in the Mount Baker-Snoqualmie and Wenatchee National Forests, Washington, which comprise approximately fifty thousand nine hundred and twenty-three acres as generally depicted on a map entitled "Norse Peak Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the Norse Peak Wilderness;

(16) certain lands in the Okanogan National Forest, Washington, which comprise twenty-four thousand three hundred and twenty-six acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Pasa3^en Wilderness Additions—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which are hereby incorporated in and shall be deemed to be part of the Pasayten Wilderness as designated by Public Law 88–577;

(17) certain lands in the Kaniksu and Colville National Forests, Washington, which comprise approximately forty-one thousand three hundred and thirty-five acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Salmo-Priest Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the Salmo-Priest Wilderness;

(18) certain lands in the Gifford Pinchot National Forest, Washington, which comprise approximately fifteen thousand seven hundred and twenty acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Tatoosh Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the Tatoosh Wilderness;

(19) certain lands in the Olympic National Forest, Washington, which comprise approximately seventeen thousand two hundred and thirty-nine acres, as generally depicted on a map
entitled "The Brothers Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as The Brothers Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as The Brothers Wilderness;

(20) certain lands in the Gifford Pinchot National Forest, which comprise approximately six thousand and fifty acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Trapper Creek Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the Trapper Creek Wilderness;

(21) certain lands in the Wenatchee and Gifford Pinchot National Forests, Washington, which comprise approximately one hundred and sixty-six thousand six hundred and three acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "William O. Douglas Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the William O. Douglas Wilderness. The William O. Douglas Wilderness is designated in remembrance of Justice Douglas' lifelong efforts to preserve the Cougar Lakes area for the recreational benefits of future generations. Through such designation, the Congress recognizes his persistent concern for the Cougar Lakes area, and his contribution to conservation efforts throughout the Nation; and

(22) certain lands in the Olympic National Forest, Washington, which comprise approximately two thousand three hundred and twenty acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Wonder Mountain Wilderness—Proposed", dated March 1984, and which shall be known as the Wonder Mountain Wilderness.

SEC. 4. (a) As soon as practicable after this Act takes effect, the Secretary of Agriculture shall file the maps referred to in section 3 of this Act and legal descriptions of each wilderness area designated by section 3 of this Act with the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, United States Senate, and the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs, House of Representatives, and each such map and legal description shall have the same force and effect as if included in this Act: Provided, That correction of clerical and typographical errors in such legal descriptions and maps may be made. Each such map and legal description shall be on file and available for public inspection in the office of the Chief of the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture.

(b) Subject to valid existing rights, each wilderness area designated by section 3 of this Act shall be administered by the Secretary of Agriculture in accordance with the provisions of the Wilderness Act of 1964 governing areas designated by that Act as wilderness areas, except that with respect to any area designated in section 3 of this Act, any reference in such provisions to the effective date of the Wilderness Act of 1964 shall be deemed to be a reference to the effective date of this Act.

SEC. 5. (a) The Congress finds that—

(1) the Department of Agriculture has completed the second roadless area review and evaluation program (RARE II);

(2) the Congress has made its own review and examination of National Forest System roadless areas in the State of Washington and of the environmental impacts associated with alternative allocations of such areas.

(b) On the basis of such review, the Congress hereby determines and directs that—

(1) without passing on the question of the legal and factual sufficiency of the RARE II Final Environmental Statement...
(dated January 1979) with respect to National Forest System lands in States other than Washington, such statement shall not be subject to judicial review with respect to National Forest System lands in the State of Washington;

(2) with respect to the National Forest System lands in the State of Washington which were reviewed by the Department of Agriculture in the second roadless area review and evaluation (RARE II) and those lands referred to in subsection (d), that review and evaluation or reference shall be deemed for the purposes of the initial land management plans required for such lands by Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976 to be an adequate consideration of the suitability of such lands for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System and the Department of Agriculture shall not be required to review the wilderness option prior to the revisions of the plans, but shall review the wilderness option when the plans are revised, which revisions will ordinarily occur on a ten-year cycle, or at least every fifteen years, unless, prior to such time the Secretary of Agriculture finds that conditions in a unit have significantly changed;

(3) areas in the State of Washington reviewed in such final environmental statement or referenced in subsection (d) and not designated as wilderness upon enactment of this Act or identified for special management in section 7 or 8 of this Act shall be managed for multiple use in accordance with land management plans pursuant to section 6 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Planning Act of 1976; Provided, That such areas need not be managed for the purpose of protecting their suitability for wilderness designation prior to or during revision of the initial land management plans;

(4) in the event that revised land management plans in the State of Washington are implemented pursuant to section 6 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976, and other applicable law, areas not recommended for wilderness designation need not be managed for the purpose of protecting their suitability for wilderness designation prior to or during revision of such plans, and areas recommended for wilderness designation shall be managed for the purpose of protecting their suitability for wilderness designation as may be required by the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976, and other applicable law; and

(5) unless expressly authorized by Congress, the Department of Agriculture shall not conduct any further statewide roadless area review and evaluation of National Forest System lands in the State of Washington for the purpose of determining their suitability for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System.

(c) As used in this section, and as provided in section 6 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976, the term "revision" shall not include an "amendment" to a plan.

(d) The provisions of this section shall also apply to:
SEC. 6. (a) In furtherance of the purposes of the Wilderness Act of 1964, certain public lands in Franklin County, Washington, which comprise approximately seven thousand one hundred and forty acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Juniper Dunes Wilderness—Proposed" and dated March 1984, are hereby designated as the Juniper Dunes Wilderness and, therefore, as a component of the National Wilderness Preservation System.

(b) Subject to valid existing rights, the Juniper Dunes Wilderness shall be administered by the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with the provisions of the Wilderness Act governing areas designated by that Act as wilderness. For purposes of this section, any references in such provisions to the effective date of the Wilderness Act shall be deemed to be a reference to the effective date of this section, any reference to the Secretary of Agriculture with regard to the administration of such areas shall be deemed to be a reference to the Secretary of the Interior, and any reference to wilderness areas designated by the Wilderness Act or designated national forest wilderness areas shall be deemed to be a reference to the Juniper Dunes Wilderness designated by this section. For purposes of this section, the reference to national forest rules and regulations in the second sentence of section 4(d)(3) of the Wilderness Act shall be deemed to be a reference to rules and regulations applicable to public lands, as defined in section 103(e) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701, 1702).

(c) As soon as practicable after this Act takes effect, the Secretary of the Interior shall file a map and legal description of the Juniper Dunes Wilderness with the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the United States Senate and with the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs of the United States House of Representatives, and such map and description shall have the same force and effect as if included in this Act: Provided, That correction of clerical and typographical errors in the legal description and map may be made. The map and legal description shall be on file and available for public inspection in the offices of the Bureau of Land Management, Department of the Interior.

SEC. 7. (a) In order to assure the conservation and protection of certain natural, scenic, historic, pastoral, and fish and wildlife values and to provide for the enhancement of the recreational values associated therewith, the Mount Baker National Recreation Area located in the Mount Baker-Snoqualmie National Forest, Washington, is hereby established.

(b) The Mount Baker National Recreation Area (hereafter referred to as the "recreation area") shall comprise approximately eight thousand six hundred acres as generally depicted on the map entitled "Mount Baker National Recreation Area—Proposed", dated March 1984, which shall be on file and available for public inspection in the office of the Chief, Forest Service, Department of Agriculture.
(c) The Secretary of Agriculture shall, as soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, file a map and a legal description of the recreation area with the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, United States Senate, and the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs, House of Representatives, and each such map and legal description shall have the same force and effect as if included in this Act: Provided, That correction of clerical and typographical errors in such legal description and map may be made. The map and legal description shall be on file and available for public inspection in the office of the Chief of the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture.

(d) The Secretary shall administer the recreation area in accordance with the laws, rules and regulations applicable to the national forests in such manner as will best provide for (1) public outdoor recreation (including but not limited to snowmobile use); (2) conservation of scenic, natural, historic, and other values contributing to public enjoyment; and (3) such management, utilization, and disposal of natural resources on federally owned lands within the recreation area which are compatible with and which do not significantly impair the purposes for which the recreation area is established.

SEC. 8. (a) The Congress finds that certain lands within the Mount Baker-Snoqualmie and Okanogan National Forests along the North Cascades Highway have remarkable scenic values, representing a unique aesthetic travelway through the Cascade Mountains in the northern portion of the State of Washington. The value of preserving this scenic area and assuring that it is managed in such manner that its scenic beauty and recreation qualities are maintained for future generations is recognized by the Congress.

(b) In order to preserve and protect these values, certain National Forest System lands comprising approximately eighty-seven thousand seven hundred and fifty-seven acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "North Cascades Scenic Highway—Proposed" and dated March 1984, shall be administered by the Secretary of Agriculture to preserve the scenic value of this highway corridor. Management activities, including resource use and development, within the area may be permitted by the Secretary of Agriculture if the existing scenic values of the area are maintained.

(c) Management direction for the area that recognizes these scenic values shall be included in the forest plans developed for the Okanogan and Mount Baker-Snoqualmie National Forests in accordance with section 6 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended.

SEC. 9. Congress does not intend that designation of wilderness areas in the State of Washington lead to the creation of protective perimeters or buffer zones around each wilderness area. The fact that nonwilderness activities or uses can be seen or heard from areas within the wilderness shall not, of itself, preclude such activities or uses up to the boundary of the wilderness area.

SEC. 10. The Secretary of Agriculture shall exchange lands and interests in lands with Weyerhaeuser Company in accordance with the following provisions:

(a) If the Weyerhaeuser Company offers to the United States the following described lands and interests in lands the Secretary shall accept such lands and interests therein:
King and Pierce Counties, Washington

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Township 19 north, range 10 east (W.M.)</th>
<th>Acres</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Section 25: All fractional</td>
<td>643.43</td>
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<tr>
<th>Township 19 north, range 11 east (W.M.)</th>
<th>Acres</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Section 31: All fractional</td>
<td>647.61</td>
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</table>

(b) Upon acceptance of title by the United States to such lands and interests therein, the Secretary shall convey to Weyerhaeuser Company all right, title, and interest of the United States to the following described National Forest System lands and interests therein:

King County, Washington

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Township 21 north, range 10 east (W.M.)</th>
<th>Acres</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Section 20: Lots 2, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, and 14, south half northwest quarter, southwest quarter</td>
<td>355.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section 28: North half southwest quarter and southeast quarter</td>
<td>240.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section 30: All</td>
<td>640.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) The instruments of conveyance respecting the lands and interests exchanged under this section may contain such reservations as may be agreed upon by the Secretary and Weyerhaeuser Company.

(d) It is the sense of Congress that the exchange authorized pursuant to this section should be completed within ninety days after the date of the enactment of this Act. The Secretary shall use other existing acquisition authorities if the exchange authorized by this section is not completed within a reasonable time after the expiration of such ninety day period.

(e) The Secretary shall certify in writing that to his satisfaction, at the time of conveyance, there has been no reduction in the values of the lands or interests therein which formed the basis for the exchange provided for in this section. If the Secretary finds that a reduction in the value of the lands or interests therein has occurred, the Secretary shall not carry out the exchange for those lands or interests so affected and acquisition of those lands and interests shall be undertaken by the Secretary in accordance with other provisions of law.

Effective date.
Sec. 11. Subject to valid existing rights, the Federal lands in Walla Walla and Columbia Counties, Washington, located within the Mill Creek Watershed roadless area as identified in the Oregon Butte Unit Plan are hereby withdrawn from all forms of location, entry, and patent under the United States mining laws and from disposition under all laws pertaining to mineral leasing and all amendments thereto.


LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 837:
SENATE REPORT No. 98-461 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
May 24, considered and passed Senate.
June 18, considered and passed House.