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sustained program to eliminate all illicit cultivation.

Sec. 2. The Congress hereby decries the brutal assassination on April 30, 1984, of the Minister of Justice of Colombia, Rodrigo Lara Bonilla, a leader in the fight against illicit narcotics in Colombia, and extends its condolences to the Government of Colombia, his family, and his friends.

Agreed to May 2, 1984.

1984 OLYMPIC TORCH RELAY THROUGH CAPITOL GROUNDS

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That, on May 14, 1984, or on such other day as the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives may jointly authorize, the 1984 Olympic torch relay may be run through the United States Capitol Grounds as part of the journey of the Olympic torch from Olympia, Greece, to the XXIII Olympic games in Los Angeles, California.

Sec. 2. The Capitol Police Board shall take such action as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the first section of this resolution.

Agreed to May 10, 1984.

UNKNOWN AMERICAN SERVICEMAN WHO DIED IN SOUTHEAST ASIA DURING VIETNAM ERA—LYING IN STATE IN UNITED STATES CAPITOL

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That during the period beginning on May 25, 1984, and ending on May 28, 1984, the rotunda of the United States Capitol may be used for the lying in state of the remains of the unknown American who lost his life while serving in the Armed Forces of the United States in Southeast Asia during the Vietnam era and who has been selected to be buried in the Memorial Amphitheater at Arlington National Cemetery, and for the conduct of ceremonies in connection with that use.

Sec. 2. The Architect of the Capitol may prescribe appropriate conditions for physical preparations with respect to the use of the rotunda authorized by the first section.

Sec. 3. The Speaker, after consultation with the minority leader, shall be authorized to appoint a delegation representing the House and the majority leader of the Senate, after consultation with the
minority leader, shall be authorized to appoint a delegation representing the Senate.

Agreed to May 17, 1984.

May 18, 1984
[H. Con. Res. 304]

ELENA BONNER AND ANDREI SAKHAROV—U.S. SUPPORT FOR RELEASE FROM IMPRISONMENT AND EMIGRATION FROM U.S.S.R.

Whereas the Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe commits the signatory countries to respect human rights and fundamental freedoms;
Whereas the signatory countries have pledged themselves to "fulfill in good faith their obligations under international law";
Whereas the Universal Declaration of Human Rights guarantees to all the rights of freedom of thought, conscience, religion, opinion, and expression;
Whereas the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights guarantees that everyone shall have the right to freedom of thought, conscience, and religion, the right to hold opinions without interference, and the right of freedom of expression;
Whereas the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics signed the Final Act of the Conference on Cooperation and Security in Europe, is a party to the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, and has ratified the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights;
Whereas Principle VII of the Final Act specifically confirms the "right of the individual to know and act upon his rights and duties" in the field of human rights, and Principle IX confirms the relevant and positive role individuals play in the implementation of the provisions of the Final Act;
Whereas Nobel Laureate Andrei Sakharov, leader of the human rights movement in the Soviet Union, was arrested and exiled to Gorky in direct contravention of Principle VII of the Helsinki Final Act, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights;
Whereas Doctor Sakharov's wife, Elena Bonner, has recently been detained and charged with anti-Soviet agitation and is in urgent need of medical treatment unavailable in the Soviet Union; and
Whereas Doctor Sakharov has, as a last resort, begun a hunger strike in an attempt to have the charges against his wife dismissed and so that she may be given the exit visa denied her in the past for the purpose of obtaining medical treatment abroad:

Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That it is the sense of the Congress that, in accordance with the Final Act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics should void all charges against Elena Bonner, issue her an exit visa for the purpose of obtaining medical care outside the Soviet