

affected, see section 8(a) of Pub. L. 104-185, set out as a note under section 1732 of this title.

§ 1756. Expanded royalty obligations

Any lessee is liable for royalty payments on oil or gas lost or wasted from a lease site when such loss or waste is due to negligence on the part of the operator of the lease, or due to the failure to comply with any rule or regulation, order or citation issued under this chapter or any mineral leasing law.

(Pub. L. 97-451, title III, §308, Jan. 12, 1983, 96 Stat. 2462.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Mineral leasing laws, referred to in text, are defined in sections 351, 505, 530, and 541e of this title.

§ 1757. Severability

If any provision of this chapter or the applicability thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the remainder of this chapter and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

(Pub. L. 97-451, title III, §309, Jan. 12, 1983, 96 Stat. 2462.)

CHAPTER 30—NATIONAL CRITICAL MATERIALS COUNCIL

Sec.	
1801.	Congressional findings and declaration of purposes.
1802.	Establishment of National Critical Materials Council.
1803.	Responsibilities and authorities of Council. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Primary responsibilities of Council. (b) Specific authorities of Council. (c) Collaboration and cooperation of Council and Federal agencies with responsibilities related to materials.
1804.	Program and policy for advanced materials research and technology. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Functions of Council. (b) Review by Office of Management and Budget.
1805.	Innovation in basic and advanced materials industries. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Centers for Industrial Technology; recommendations for establishment; activities. (b) Mechanism for dissemination of data; establishment; computerization.
1806.	Compensation of members and reimbursement. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Basic pay for levels II and III of Executive Schedule. (b) Reimbursement of travel expenses for attendance at meetings.
1807.	Executive Director. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Function, appointment, and compensation. (b) Personnel and services of experts and consultants; rules and regulations. (c) Consultation with other groups; utilization of public and private services, facilities, and information. (d) Utilization of voluntary and uncompensated labor and services.
1808.	Responsibilities and duties of Director.
1809.	General authority of Council.
1810.	Authorization of appropriations.
1811.	"Materials" defined.

CHAPTER REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This chapter is referred to in title 15 section 5202.

§ 1801. Congressional findings and declaration of purposes

(a) The Congress finds that—

(1) the availability of adequate supplies of strategic and critical industrial minerals and materials continues to be essential for national security, economic well-being, and industrial production;

(2) the United States is increasingly dependent on foreign sources of materials and vulnerable to supply interruption in the case of many of those minerals and materials essential to the Nation's defense and economic well-being;

(3) together with increasing import dependence, the Nation's industrial base, including the capacity to process minerals and materials, is deteriorating—both in terms of facilities and in terms of a trained labor force;

(4) research, development, and technological innovation, especially related to improved materials and new processing technologies, are important factors which affect our long-term capability for economic competitiveness, as well as for adjustment to interruptions in supply of critical minerals and materials;

(5) while other nations have developed and implemented specific long-term research and technology programs to develop high-performance materials, no such policy and program evolution has occurred in the United States;

(6) establishing critical materials reserves, by both the public and private sectors and with proper organization and management, represents one means of responding to the genuine risks to our economy and national defense from dependency on foreign sources;

(7) there exists no single Federal entity with the authority and responsibility for establishing critical materials policy and for coordinating and implementing that policy; and

(8) the importance of materials to national goals requires an organizational means for establishing responsibilities for materials programs and for the coordination, within and at a suitably high level of the Executive Office of the President, with other existing policies within the Federal Government.

(b) It is the purpose of this chapter—

(1) to establish a National Critical Materials Council under and reporting to the Executive Office of the President which shall—

(A) establish responsibilities for and provide for necessary coordination of critical materials policies, including all facets of research and technology, among the various agencies and departments of the Federal Government, and make recommendations for the implementation of such policies;

(B) bring to the attention of the President, the Congress, and the general public such materials issues and concerns, including research and development, as are deemed critical to the economic and strategic health of the Nation; and

(C) ensure adequate and continuing consultation with the private sector concerning