PART E—WORK EXPERIENCE AND TRAINING PROGRAMS

§ 2610c. Repealed. Pub. L. 93–203, title VII, § 714, formerly title VI, § 614, Dec. 28, 1973, 87 Stat. 883; renumbered title VII, § 714, Pub. L. 93–567, title I, § 101, Dec. 31, 1974, 88 Stat. 1845.

Section, Pub. L. 87–415, title II, § 261, as added Pub. L. 89–794, Title X, § 1001(c), Nov. 8, 1966, 80 Stat. 1475, made provision for programs for needy persons requiring work experience, supportive services, or training. See section 1501 et seq. of Title 29, Labor.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Section 714, formerly § 614, of Pub. L. 93–203 provided that the repeal is effective with respect to fiscal years after June 30, 1974.

SUBCHAPTER III—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

§§ 2611 to 2620. Repealed. Pub. L. 93–203, title VII, § 714, formerly title VI, § 614, Dec. 28, 1973, 87 Stat. 883; renumbered title VII, § 714, Pub. L. 93–567, title I, § 101, Dec. 31, 1974, 88 Stat. 1845

Section 2611, Pub. L. 87–415, title III, § 301, Mar. 15, 1962, 76 Stat. 30; Pub. L. 89–15, § 10, Apr. 26, 1965, 79 Stat. 79; Pub. L. 89–792, § 7, Nov. 7, 1966, 80 Stat. 1437; Pub. L. 90–636, §§ 8–10, Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1354; Pub. L. 91–4, § 1, Mar. 19, 1969, 83 Stat. 6, provided for apportionment of benefits and State administration of funds.

Section 2612, Pub. L. 87–415, title III, § 302, Mar. 15, 1962, 76 Stat. 31; Pub. L. 89–15, § 11, Apr. 26, 1965, 79 Stat. 79, required maintenance of a State effort as a prerequisite to approval of Federal financing.

Section 2613, Pub. L. 87–415, title III, § 303, Mar. 15, 1962, 76 Stat. 31, called for the utilization of available services and facilities of other Federal agencies and instrumentalities and of resources for skill development.

Section 2614, Pub. L. 87–415, title III, § 304, Mar. 15, 1962, 76 Stat. 31; Pub. L. 88–214, § 7, Dec. 19, 1963, 77 Stat. 424; Pub. L. 89–15, § 12, Apr. 26, 1965, 79 Stat. 80; Pub. L. 89–792, § 6(b), Nov. 7, 1966, 80 Stat. 1437; Pub. L. 90–636, § 1(4), Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1352, authorized appropriations.

Section 2615, Pub. L. 87–415, title III, § 305, Mar. 15, 1962, 76 Stat. 32; Pub. L. 88–214, § 8, Dec. 19, 1963, 77 Stat. 424; Pub. L. 89–15, § 13, Apr. 26, 1965, 79 Stat. 80; 1970 Reorg. Plan No. 2, eff. July 1, 1970, 35 F.R. 7959, 84 Stat. 2085, placed certain limitations on uses of appropriated funds.

Section 2616, Pub. L. 87–415, title III, § 306, Mar. 15, 1962, 76 Stat. 32; Pub. L. 89–15, § 14, Apr. 26, 1965, 79 Stat. 80, set out authority of Secretaries of Labor and of Health, Education, and Welfare to contract, establish procedures, and make payments.

Section 2617, Pub. L. 87–415, title III, § 307, Mar. 15, 1962, 76 Stat. 32, provided that selection of persons for training shall not be contingent upon their membership or non-membership in a labor organization.

Section 2618, Pub. L. 87–415, title III, § 308, Mar. 15, 1962, 76 Stat. 32; Pub. L. 90–636, § 5(c), Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1353, defined ''State''.

Section 2619, Pub. L. 87–415, title III, § 309, as added Pub. L. 90–636, § 11, Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1354, provided for training and technical assistance.

Section 2620, Pub. L. 87–415, title III, § 310, Mar. 15, 1962, 76 Stat. 33; Pub. L. 88–214, § 10, Dec. 19, 1963, 77 Stat. 424; Pub. L. 89–15, § 16, Apr. 26, 1965, 79 Stat. 80; Pub. L. 90–636, § 1(5), Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1352; Pub. L. 92–277, § 1, Apr. 24, 1972, 86 Stat. 124, called for termination of authority to operate training and skill development programs under title II of Pub. L. 87–415 at the close of June 30, 1973.

See section 1501 et seq. of Title 29, Labor.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Section 714, formerly § 614, of Pub. L. 93–203 provided that the repeal is effective with respect to fiscal years after June 30, 1974.

SUBCHAPTER IV—SEASONAL UNEMPLOYMENT IN THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY

§§ 2621 to 2623. Repealed. Pub. L. 93–203, title VII, § 714 formerly title VI, § 614, Dec. 28, 1973, 87 Stat. 883; renumbered title VII, § 714, Pub. L. 93–567, title I, § 101, Dec. 31, 1974, 88 Stat. 1845

Section 2621, Pub. L. 87–415, title IV, § 401, as added Pub. L. 90–636, § 12, Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1354, set out Congressional findings and declaration of purpose in establishing a study of problems of seasonal unemployment in construction industry.

Section 2622, Pub. L. 87–415, title IV, § 402, as added Pub. L. 90–636, § 12, Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1355, called for a study by Secretaries of Labor and Commerce of means to stabilize employment in construction industry and for a report to President and Congress not later than Dec. 31, 1969.

Section 2623, Pub. L. 87–415, title IV, § 403, as added Pub. L. 90–636, § 12, Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1355; amended 1970 Reorg. Plan No. 2, eff. July 1, 1970, 35 F.R. 7959, 84 Stat. 2085, called for consultation with Federal official on reduction of seasonal unemployment.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Section 714, formerly § 614, of Pub. L. 93–203 provided that the repeal is effective with respect to fiscal years after June 30, 1974.

SUBCHAPTER V—SUPPLEMENTARY STATE PROGRAMS

§§ 2624 to 2628. Repealed. Pub. L. 93–203, title VII, § 714, formerly title VI, § 614, Dec. 28, 1973, 87 Stat. 883; renumbered title VII, § 714, Pub. L. 93–567, title I, § 101, Dec. 31, 1974, 88 Stat. 1845

Section 2624, Pub. L. 87–415, title V, § 501, as added Pub. L. 90–636, § 13, Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1355, set out Congressional declaration of purpose in providing for supplementary State programs.

Section 2625, Pub. L. 87–415, title V, § 502, as added Pub. L. 90–636, § 13, Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1356, provided authorization for grants for supplementary State programs.

Section 2626, Pub. L. 87–415, title V, § 503, as added Pub. L. 90–636, § 13, Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1356, provided for applications for supplementary State programs and conditions for such programs.

Section 2627, Pub. L. 87–415, title V, § 504, as added Pub. L. 90–636, § 13, Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1356, provided for promulgation of rules and regulations.

Section 2628, Pub. L. 87–415, title V, § 505, as added Pub. L. 90–636, § 13, Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1356, authorized appropriations for supplementary State programs.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Section 714, formerly § 614, of Pub. L. 93–203 provided that the repeal is effective with respect to fiscal years after June 30, 1974.

CHAPTER 31—PUBLIC WORKS ACCELERATION PROGRAM

Sec.
2641. Congressional declaration of purpose.
2642. Acceleration of public works.
(a) Eligible areas.
(b) Authority to initiate and accelerate projects; allocation of funds.

Sec.
(c) Grants-in-aid; law governing; amount of Federal contributions.
(d) Authorization of appropriations.
(e) Rules and regulations; considerations.
(f) Restrictions on allocated funds.
(g) Limit on allocations available for projects in any one State.
(h) Criteria determining substantial unemployment.
2643. Increase of State or local expenditures.

§ 2641. Congressional declaration of purpose

(a) The Congress finds that (1) certain communities and areas in the Nation are presently burdened by substantial unemployment and underemployment and have failed to share fully in the economic gains of the recovery from the recession of 1960–1961 and (2) action by the Federal Government is necessary, both to provide immediate useful work for the unemployed and underemployed in these communities and to help these communities, through improvement of their facilities, to become more conducive to industrial development and better places in which to live and work. The Nation has a backlog of needed public projects, and an acceleration of these projects now will not only increase employment at a time when jobs are urgently required but will also meet longstanding public needs, improve community services, and enhance the health and welfare of citizens of the Nation.

(b) The Congress further finds that Federal assistance to stimulate public works investment in order to increase employment opportunities is most urgently needed in those areas, both urban and rural, which qualify as redevelopment areas because they suffer from persistent and chronic unemployment and economic underdevelopment, as well as in other areas which have suffered from substantial unemployment for a period of at least twelve months.

(Pub. L. 87–658, § 2, Sept. 14, 1962, 76 Stat. 542.)

SHORT TITLE

Section 1 of Pub. L. 87–658 provided: ''That this Act [enacting this chapter and amending section 462 of Title 40, Public Buildings, Property, and Works, and section 1492 of this title] may be cited as the 'Public Works Acceleration Act'.''

§ 2642. Acceleration of public works

(a) Eligible areas

For the purposes of this section the term ''eligible area'' means—

(1) those areas which the Secretary of Labor designates each month as having been areas of substantial unemployment for at least nine of the preceding twelve months; and

(2) those areas which are designated by the Secretary of Commerce under subsections (a) and (b) of section 2504 of this title as ''redevelopment areas''.

(b) Authority to initiate and accelerate projects; allocation of funds

The President is authorized to initiate and accelerate in eligible areas those Federal public works projects which have been authorized by Congress, and those public works projects of States and local governments for which Federal financial assistance is authorized under provisions of law other than this chapter, by allocating funds appropriated to carry out this section—

(1) to the heads of the departments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Federal Government responsible for the construction of Federal public works projects, and

(2) to the heads of the departments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Federal Government responsible for the administration of laws authorizing Federal financial assistance to public works projects of State and local governments.

(c) Grants-in-aid; law governing; amount of Federal contributions

All grants-in-aid made from allocations made by the President under this section shall be made by the head of the department, agency, or instrumentality of the Federal Government administering the law authorizing such grants, and, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, shall be made in accordance with all of the provisions of such law except (1) provisions requiring allocation of funds among the States, and (2) limitations upon the total amount of such grants for any period. Notwithstanding any provisions of such law requiring the Federal contribution to the State or local government involved to be less than a fixed portion of the cost of a project, grants-in-aid may be made under authority of this section which bring the total of all Federal contributions to such project up to 50 per centum of the cost of such project, or up to 75 per centum of the cost of such project if the State or local government does not have economic and financial capacity to assume all of the additional financial obligations required.

(d) Authorization of appropriations

There is authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $900,000,000 to be allocated by the President in accordance with subsection (b) of this section, except that not less than $300,000,000 shall be allocated for public works projects in areas designated by the Secretary of Commerce as redevelopment areas under subsection (b) of section 2504 of this title.

(e) Rules and regulations; considerations

The President shall prescribe rules, regulations, and procedures to carry out this section which will assure that adequate consideration is given to the relative needs of eligible areas. In prescribing such rules, regulations, and procedures the President shall consider among other relevant factors (1) the severity of the rates of unemployment in the eligible areas and the duration of such unemployment and (2) the income levels of families and the extent of underemployment in eligible areas.

(f) Restrictions on allocated funds

Funds allocated by the President under this section shall be available only for projects—

(1) which can be initiated or accelerated within a reasonably short period of time;

(2) which will meet an essential public need;

(3) a substantial portion of which can be completed within twelve months after initiation or acceleration;

(4) which will contribute significantly to the reduction of local unemployment;

(5) which are not inconsistent with locally approved comprehensive plans for the jurisdiction affected, wherever such plans exist.

(g) Limit on allocations available for projects in any one State

Not more than 10 per centum of all amounts allocated by the President under this section shall be made available for public works projects within any one State.

(h) Criteria determining substantial unemployment

The criteria to be used by the Secretary of Labor in determining areas of substantial unemployment for the purposes of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this section shall be the criteria established in section 6.3 of title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations as in effect May 1, 1962.

(Pub. L. 87–658, § 3, Sept. 14, 1962, 76 Stat. 542.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 2504 of this title, referred to in subsecs. (a) and (d), was omitted from the Code. See sections 3161 and 3162 of this title.

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 11049

Ex. Ord. No. 11049, Sept. 14, 1962, 27 F.R. 9203, which provided for implementation of public works acceleration program, was revoked by Ex. Ord. No. 12553, Feb. 25, 1986, 51 F.R. 7237.

§ 2643. Increase of State or local expenditures

(a) No part of any allocation made by the President under this chapter shall be made available during any fiscal year to any State or local government for any public works project, unless the proposed or planned total expenditure (exclusive of Federal funds) of such State or local government during such fiscal year for all its capital improvement projects is increased by an amount approximately equal to the non-Federal funds required to be made available for such public works project.

(b) No part of any allocation made by the President under this chapter shall be made available for any planning or construction, directly or indirectly, of any school or other educational facility.

(Pub. L. 87–658, § 4, Sept. 14, 1962, 76 Stat. 543.)

CHAPTER 32—THIRD PARTY LIABILITY FOR HOSPITAL AND MEDICAL CARE

Sec.
2651. Recovery by United States.
(a) Conditions, exceptions; persons liable; amount of recovery; subrogation; assignment.
(b) Recovery of cost of pay for member of uniformed services unable to perform duties.
(c) United States deemed third party beneficiary under alternative system of compensation.
(d) Enforcement procedure; intervention; joinder of parties; State or Federal court proceedings.
(e) Veterans' exception.
(f) Crediting of amounts recovered.
(g) Definitions.
2652. Regulations.
(a) Determination and establishment of reasonable value of care and treatment.
(b) Settlement, release and waiver of claims.
(c) Damages recoverable for personal injury unaffected.
2653. Limitation or repeal of other provisions for recovery of hospital and medical care costs.

CHAPTER REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This chapter is referred to in title 10 section 1095; title 25 sections 1621g, 1683.

§ 2651. Recovery by United States

(a) Conditions; exceptions; persons liable; amount of recovery; subrogation; assignment

In any case in which the United States is authorized or required by law to furnish or pay for hospital, medical, surgical, or dental care and treatment (including prostheses and medical appliances) to a person who is injured or suffers a disease, after the effective date of this Act, under circumstances creating a tort liability upon some third person (other than or in addition to the United States and except employers of seamen treated under the provisions of section 249 of this title) to pay damages therefor, the United States shall have a right to recover (independent of the rights of the injured or diseased person) from said third person, or that person's insurer, the reasonable value of the care and treatment so furnished, to be furnished, paid for, or to be paid for and shall, as to this right be subrogated to any right or claim that the injured or diseased person, his guardian, personal representative, estate, dependents, or survivors has against such third person to the extent of the reasonable value of the care and treatment so furnished, to be furnished, paid for, or to be paid for. The head of the department or agency of the United States furnishing such care or treatment may also require the injured or diseased person, his guardian, personal representative, estate, dependents, or survivors, as appropriate, to assign his claim or cause of action against the third person to the extent of that right or claim.

(b) Recovery of cost of pay for member of uniformed services unable to perform duties

If a member of the uniformed services is injured, or contracts a disease, under circumstances creating a tort liability upon a third person (other than or in addition to the United States and except employers of seamen referred to in subsection (a) of this section) for damages for such injury or disease and the member is unable to perform the member's regular military duties as a result of the injury or disease, the United States shall have a right (independent of the rights of the member) to recover from the third person or an insurer of the third person, or both, the amount equal to the total amount of the pay that accrues and is to accrue to the member for the period for which the member is unable to perform such duties as a result of the injury or disease and is not assigned to perform other military duties.