

Weber, of Minnesota; Robert J. White, of Maine; Julian E. Yates, of the District of Columbia; Nils M. Ylvisaker, of Minnesota; and their successors, who are, or who may become, members of The Military Chaplains Association of the United States of America, a national association of chaplains and former chaplains of the armed services, and such national associations are created and declared to be a body corporate by the name of "The Military Chaplains Association of the United States of America".

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 956, §1, 64 Stat. 868.)

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in section 312 of this title.

§ 312. Completion of organization

Said persons named in section 311 of this title, and such other persons as may be selected from among the membership of The Military Chaplains Association of the United States of America, a national association of chaplains and former chaplains of the armed services, are hereby authorized to meet to complete the organization of said corporation by the selection of officers, the adoption of a constitution and bylaws, and to do all other things necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this chapter, at which meeting any person duly accredited as a delegate from any area, State, or local chapter of the organization of the existing national association known as The Military Chaplains Association of the United States of America, shall be permitted to participate in the proceedings thereof.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 956, §2, 64 Stat. 868.)

§ 313. Purpose of corporation

The purpose of this corporation shall be:

(a) To safeguard and to strengthen the forces of faith and morality of our Nation; (b) to perpetuate and to deepen the bonds of understanding and friendship of our military service; (c) to preserve our spiritual influence and interest in all members and veterans of the armed forces; (d) to uphold the Constitution of the United States; and (e) to promote justice, peace, and good will.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 956, §3, 64 Stat. 868.)

§ 314. Powers of corporation

The corporation (a) shall have perpetual succession; (b) shall have power to make its own organization, including its constitution, bylaws, rules, and regulations; (c) may adopt a corporate seal and alter it at pleasure; (d) may establish and maintain offices for the conduct and transaction of its business; (e) may appoint or elect officers and agents; (f) may authorize the executive committee to conduct the business and exercise the powers of the corporation; (g) may publish a magazine or other publications; (h) may charge and collect membership dues, subscription fees, and receive contributions of money or property to be devoted to the carrying out of the purposes of the organization; (i) may acquire by purchase, devise, bequest, gift, or otherwise, and hold, encumber, convey, or otherwise dispose of, such real and personal property

as may be necessary or appropriate for its corporate purposes; (j) may sue and be sued; and (k) generally may do any and all lawful acts necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes for which the corporation is created.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 956, §4, 64 Stat. 868.)

§ 315. Acquisition of assets and liabilities of existing association

Said corporation may acquire any or all assets of the existing national association known as The Military Chaplains Association of the United States of America upon discharging or satisfactorily providing for the payment and discharge of all liabilities.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 956, §5, 64 Stat. 869.)

§ 316. Exclusive right to name

Said corporation and its area, State, and local chapters shall have the sole and exclusive right to have and to use in carrying out its purpose the name "The Military Chaplains Association of the United States of America".

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 956, §6, 64 Stat. 869.)

§ 317. Annual report

The corporation shall, on or before the 1st day of September in each year, transmit to Congress a report of its proceedings for the preceding calendar year. Such reports shall not be printed as public documents.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 956, §7, 64 Stat. 869; Aug. 30, 1964, Pub. L. 88-504, §4(14), 78 Stat. 637.)

AMENDMENTS

1964—Pub. L. 88-504 struck out “, including the full and complete statement of its receipts and expenditures” after “calendar year”.

CHAPTER 16—AMERICAN SOCIETY OF INTERNATIONAL LAW

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| Sec. | |
| 341. | Corporation created. |
| 342. | Purposes of corporation; restrictions. |
| 343. | Executive council; officers. |
| 344. | Principal office; territorial scope of activities. |
| 345. | Powers of corporation. |
| 346. | Liability for acts of officers and agents; agent for service of process. |
| 347. | Prohibition against issuance of stock, payment of dividends, or loans. |
| 348. | Books and records; inspection. |
| 349. | Repealed. |
| 350. | Duration of corporation. |
| 351. | Acquisition of assets and liabilities of existing association. |
| 352. | Reservation of right to amend or repeal chapter. |

§ 341. Corporation created

The following persons, citizens of the United States and members of the executive council of the unincorporated association known as the American Society of International law, to wit: Manley O. Hudson, of Cambridge, Massachusetts, president of the said society; Dean G. Acheson, of Washington, District of Columbia, honorary president of the same; George A. Finch, of Chevy Chase, Maryland; Edwin D. Dickinson, of

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; and Philip C. Jessup, of New York, New York; vice presidents of the same; Philip Marshall Brown, of Washington, District of Columbia; Frederic R. Coudert, of New York, New York; William C. Dennis, of Richmond, Indiana; Charles G. Fenwick, of Washington, District of Columbia; Cordell Hull, of Washington, District of Columbia; Charles Cheney Hyde, of New York, New York; Robert H. Jackson, of McLean, Virginia; Arthur K. Kuhn, of New York, New York; George C. Marshall, of Leesburg, Virginia; Henry L. Stimson, of New York, New York; Elbert D. Thomas, of Salt Lake City, Utah; Charles Warren, of Washington, District of Columbia; George Grafton Wilson, of Cambridge, Massachusetts; and Lester H. Woolsey, of Chevy Chase, Maryland; honorary vice presidents of the said society; Edward Dumbauld, of Uniontown, Pennsylvania, secretary; and Edgar Turlington, of Chevy Chase, Maryland, treasurer of the same; Edward W. Allen, of Seattle, Washington; Mary Agnes Brown, of Washington, District of Columbia; Florence Brush, of Bronxville, New York; Kenneth S. Carlston, of Urbana, Illinois; Ben M. Cherrington, of Denver, Colorado; Percy E. Corbett, of New Haven Connecticut; Willard B. Cowles, of Lincoln, Nebraska; William S. Culbertson, of Washington, District of Columbia; John S. Dickey, of Hanover, New Hampshire; Alwyn V. Freeman, of Los Angeles, California; Ernest A. Gross, of Manhasset, New York; Stanley K. Hornbeck, of Washington, District of Columbia; A. Brunson MacChesney, of Chicago, Illinois; William Manger, of Washington, District of Columbia; Charles E. Martin, of Seattle, Washington; John Brown Mason, of Oberlin, Ohio; Myres S. McDougal, of New Haven, Connecticut; Hans J. Morgenthau, of Chicago, Illinois; Durward V. Sandifer, of Chevy Chase, Maryland; Francis B. Sayre, of Washington, District of Columbia; Carl B. Spaeth, of Palo Alto, California; Robert B. Stewart, of Medford, Massachusetts; and Albert C. F. Westphal, of Albuquerque, New Mexico; and such other persons as are now members of the said society, and their successors, are created and declared to be a body corporate, by the name of The American Society of International Law.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 958, §1, 64 Stat. 869.)

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in section 343 of this title.

§ 342. Purposes of corporation; restrictions

The purposes of the corporation are and shall be to foster the study of international law and to promote the establishment and maintenance of international relations on the basis of law and justice. The corporation shall not be operated for profit, and no part of its income or assets shall inure to any of its members, or its officers or other members of its executive council, or be distributable thereto otherwise than upon dissolution or final liquidation of the corporation. The corporation, and its officers and other members of its executive council shall not, as such, contribute to or otherwise support or assist any political party or candidate for elective public office.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 958, §2, 64 Stat. 870.)

§ 343. Executive council; officers

The governing board of the corporation, subject to the directions of the corporation at its annual meetings and at such other meetings as may be called pursuant to the provisions of its constitution, bylaws, and regulations, herein-after mentioned, shall be an executive council consisting of a president, an honorary president, a number of vice presidents and honorary vice presidents to be determined by the constitution of the corporation, a secretary, a treasurer, and not less than twenty-four additional persons. The officers of the corporation and one-third of the other members of the executive council shall be elected at each annual meeting of the corporation: *Provided, however,* That the executive council may be authorized by the constitution of the corporation to elect the secretary and the treasurer of the corporation for specified terms and to fill vacancies until the next annual meeting of the corporation. The number of members of the executive council shall initially be forty-four, and the members of the said council shall initially be the persons whose names and addresses are set forth in section 341 of this title.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 958, §3, 64 Stat. 870.)

§ 344. Principal office; territorial scope of activities

The corporation shall have its principal office in the District of Columbia and shall have the right to conduct its activities in the said District and at any other place or places in the United States.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 958, §4, 64 Stat. 871.)

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS

Pub. L. 86-208, Aug. 25, 1959, 73 Stat. 431, provided: "That the American Society of International Law, incorporated by the Act entitled 'An Act to incorporate the American Society of International Law, and for other purposes', approved September 20, 1950 (Public Law 794, ch. 958, Eighty-first Congress, second session (64 Stat. 869)) [this chapter], is authorized to use the real estate described as lot 805 square 2512, situated in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, as the national headquarters of such society."

§ 345. Powers of corporation

The corporation shall have succession by its corporate name and shall have power to sue and be sued, complain and defend in any court of competent jurisdiction; to adopt, use, and alter a corporate seal; to choose such officers, managers, and agents as its business may require; to adopt, amend, apply, and administer a constitution, bylaws, and regulations, not inconsistent with the laws of the United States of America or any State in which the corporation is to operate, for the management of its property and the regulation of its affairs; to contract and be contracted with; to take and hold by lease, gift, purchase, grant, devise, or bequest, in full title, in trust, or otherwise, any property, real or personal, necessary for attaining the objects and carrying into effect the purposes of the corporation, subject however, to applicable provisions of law of any State (A) governing the amount or

kind of real and personal property which may be held by, or (B) otherwise limiting or controlling the ownership of real and personal property by a corporation operating in such State; to transfer and convey real or personal property; to borrow money for the purposes of the corporation, and issue bonds therefor, and secure the same by mortgage subject in every case to all applicable provisions of Federal or State laws; to publish a journal and other publications, and generally to do any and all such acts and things as may be necessary and proper in carrying into effect the purposes of the corporation.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 958, § 5, 64 Stat. 871.)

§ 346. Liability for acts of officers and agents; agent for service of process

The corporation shall be liable for the acts of its officers and agents. It shall have in the District of Columbia at all times a designated agent authorized to accept service of process for the corporation; and notice to or service upon such agent, or mailed to the business address of such agent, shall be deemed notice to or service upon the corporation.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 958, § 6, 64 Stat. 871.)

§ 347. Prohibition against issuance of stock, payment of dividends, or loans

The corporation shall not issue shares of stock, nor declare or pay dividends, nor make loans or advances to its officers or members of its executive council or any of them. Any member of its executive council who votes for or assents to the making of a loan or advance to an officer of the corporation or to a member of its executive council, and any officer or officers participating in the making of any such loan or advance, shall be jointly and severally liable to the corporation for the amount of such loan or advance until the repayment thereof.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 958, § 7, 64 Stat. 871.)

§ 348. Books and records; inspection

The corporation shall keep correct and complete books and records of account. It shall also keep minutes of the proceedings of its members, executive council, and committees having any of the authority of the said council. It shall also keep at its principal office a record giving the names and addresses of its members entitled to vote. All books and records of the corporation may be inspected by any member or his agent or attorney, for any proper purpose, at any reasonable time.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 958, § 8, 64 Stat. 872.)

§ 349. Repealed. Pub. L. 88-504, § 4(15), Aug. 30, 1964, 78 Stat. 637

Section, act Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 958, § 9, 64 Stat. 872, related to audit of financial transactions and report of such audit to Congress. See sections 1101 to 1103 of this title.

§ 350. Duration of corporation

The duration of the corporation shall be perpetual.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 958, § 10, 64 Stat. 872.)

§ 351. Acquisition of assets and liabilities of existing association

The corporation may and shall acquire all of the assets of the existing unincorporated association known as the American Society of International Law, subject to any liabilities and obligations of the said association.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 958, § 11, 64 Stat. 872.)

§ 352. Reservation of right to amend or repeal chapter

The right to alter, repeal, or amend this chapter is expressly reserved to Congress.

(Sept. 20, 1950, ch. 958, § 12, 64 Stat. 872.)

CHAPTER 17—UNITED STATES OLYMPIC COMMITTEE

SUBCHAPTER I—CORPORATION

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|-------|---|
| Sec. | |
| 371. | Corporation created; principal offices; meetings. |
| 372. | Completion of organization. |
| 373. | Definitions. |
| 374. | Objects and purposes of Corporation. |
| 375. | Powers of Corporation. |
| 376. | Membership. |
| 377. | Nonpolitical nature of Corporation. |
| 378. | Prohibition against issuance of stock or business activities. |
| 379. | Acquisition of assets and liabilities of existing association. |
| 380. | Use of Olympic symbols, emblems, trademarks and names. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Unauthorized use; civil action; lawful use prior to September 21, 1950. (b) Contributors and suppliers. (c) Exclusive right of Corporation. |
| 381. | Agents for service of process. |
| 382. | Reservation of right to amend or repeal chapter. |
| 382a. | Annual report to President and Congress on operations; report to Speaker of House and President of Senate on authorized grants. |
| 382b. | Resolution of disputes. |
| 383. | Change in name of United States Olympic Association. |
| 384. | Grants to Corporation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Authorization; development of amateur athletics in United States. (b) Annual report. (c) Application for funds; access to books, documents, etc. (d) Authorization of appropriations. |

SUBCHAPTER II—NATIONAL GOVERNING BODIES

- | | |
|------|---|
| 391. | Recognition of amateur sports organizations. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) National governing body; application; notice and hearing. (b) Eligibility requirements. (c) Period within which to comply with eligibility requirements; suspension or revocation of recognition. (d) Recommendation of national governing body as United States representative to appropriate international sports federation. |
| 392. | Duties of national governing bodies. |
| 393. | Authority of national governing bodies. |
| 394. | Review. |
| 395. | Compelling compliance with eligibility requirements and performance of duties by national governing bodies. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Written complaint; exhaustion of remedies requirement; hearing; determination by Corporation; probation; revocation of recognition. |