

chapter) to the Geothermal Resources Development Fund established under section 1144 of this title; and amounts repaid on such loans shall be deposited in the Geothermal Resources Development Fund for purposes of this subchapter.

(f) Authorization of appropriations

For loans under clause (A) of subsection (b)(1) of this section for fiscal year 1981, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Geothermal Resources Development Fund not to exceed \$5,000,000, which shall remain available until expended. For loans under such clause (A) for subsequent fiscal years, and for loans under clause (B) of subsection (b)(1) of this section or under subsection (c) of this section (for any such subsequent fiscal year), there may be appropriated to such Fund only such sums as are authorized by legislation hereafter enacted.

(g) "Person" defined

As used in this section, the term "person" includes municipalities, cooperatives, industrial development agencies, nonprofit organizations, and Indian tribes, as well as the districts referred to in subsection (a) of this section and the other entities included within such term under section 1 of title 1.

(Pub. L. 96-294, title VI, §631, June 30, 1980, 94 Stat. 767.)

SUBCHAPTER IV—FEDERAL FACILITIES

§ 1541. Use of geothermal energy in Federal facilities

The option of using geothermal energy or geothermal energy resources shall be considered fully in any new Federal building, facility, or installation which is located in a geothermal resource area as designated by the Secretary.

(Pub. L. 96-294, title VI, §642, June 30, 1980, 94 Stat. 769.)

§ 1542. Regulations

All regulations made with respect to this subchapter shall be promulgated no later than six months after June 30, 1980.

(Pub. L. 96-294, title VI, §644, June 30, 1980, 94 Stat. 770.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This subchapter, referred to in text, was in the original "this subtitle", meaning subtitle D of title VI of Pub. L. 96-294, June 30, 1980, 94 Stat. 768, which enacted this subchapter and sections 1146 and 1147 of this title and amended sections 1141 and 1143 of this title and sections 796, 824a-3, 824i, and 824j of Title 16, Conservation.

CHAPTER 28—MATERIALS AND MINERALS POLICY, RESEARCH, AND DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 1601. Congressional statement of findings; "materials" defined.
- 1602. Congressional declaration of policies.
- 1603. Implementation of policies.
- 1604. Program administration.
 - (a) President; preparation of plan and submission to Congress of report.
 - (b) Director of Office of Science and Technology Policy; coordination, etc., activities.

- Sec.
 - (c) Secretary of Commerce; consultative, etc., requirements; identification and assessment activities.
 - (d) Secretary of Defense and other Cabinet members; assessment, etc., activities.
 - (e) Secretary of the Interior; initiation of actions; report.
 - (f) Secretary of the Interior; collection, evaluation, and analysis activities concerning information.
- 1605. Applicability to other statutory national mining and minerals policies.

CHAPTER REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This chapter is referred to in sections 1803, 1804 of this title.

§ 1601. Congressional statement of findings; "materials" defined

- (a) The Congress finds that—
 - (1) the availability of materials is essential for national security, economic well-being, and industrial production;
 - (2) the availability of materials is affected by the stability of foreign sources of essential industrial materials, instability of materials markets, international competition and demand for materials, the need for energy and materials conservation, and the enhancement of environmental quality;
 - (3) extraction, production, processing, use, recycling, and disposal of materials are closely linked with national concerns for energy and the environment;
 - (4) the United States is strongly interdependent with other nations through international trade in materials and other products;
 - (5) technological innovation and research and development are important factors which contribute to the availability and use of materials;
 - (6) the United States lacks a coherent national materials policy and a coordinated program to assure the availability of materials critical for national economic well-being, national defense, and industrial production, including interstate commerce and foreign trade; and
 - (7) notwithstanding the enactment of section 21a of this title, the United States does not have a coherent national materials and minerals policy.

(b) As used in this chapter, the term "materials" means substances, including minerals, of current or potential use that will be needed to supply the industrial, military, and essential civilian needs of the United States in the production of goods or services, including those which are primarily imported or for which there is a prospect of shortages or uncertain supply, or which present opportunities in terms of new physical properties, use, recycling, disposal or substitution, with the exclusion of food and of energy fuels used as such.

(Pub. L. 96-479, §2, Oct. 21, 1980, 94 Stat. 2305.)

SHORT TITLE

Section 1 of Pub. L. 96-479 provided: "That this Act [enacting this chapter] may be cited as the 'National