

(2) \$5,000,000 for the fiscal year 1985 shall be available only to carry out this chapter.  
(Pub. L. 98-164, title VIII, § 809, Nov. 22, 1983, 97 Stat. 1050.)

## REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 102(1) of this Act, referred to in text, is section 102(1) of Pub. L. 98-164, title I, Nov. 22, 1983, 97 Stat. 1017, which is not classified to the Code.

**§ 4509. Repealed. Pub. L. 102-138, title II, § 209, Oct. 28, 1991, 105 Stat. 694**

Section, Pub. L. 98-164, title VIII, § 810, Nov. 22, 1983, 97 Stat. 1051, provided that provisions of this chapter were to cease to be effective at end of ten-year period beginning on Nov. 22, 1983.

**CHAPTER 56—UNITED STATES INSTITUTE OF PEACE**

- Sec.  
4601. Congressional declaration of findings and purposes.  
4602. Definitions.  
4603. United States Institute of Peace.  
(a) Establishment.  
(b) Status; restrictions.  
(c) Establishment and functions of an "Endowment of the United States Institute for Peace".  
(d) Liability for acts within scope of authority.  
(e) Trade name and trademark rights; vested rights protected; condition for use of Federal identity.  
4604. Powers and duties.  
(a) District of Columbia nonprofit-corporative powers.  
(b) Description of specific activities.  
(c) Annual award of Spark M. Matsunaga Medal of Peace.  
(d) Description of extension and outreach activities.  
(e) Services for Federal agencies.  
(f) Contracts for operation of Institute.  
(g) Personnel; administrative assistance.  
(h) Grants and contracts; gifts and contributions; domestic and foreign restrictions.  
(i) Fees for periodicals and other materials.  
(j) Participation fees and costs.  
(k) Civil actions.  
(l) Corporate mark of recognition and colorable simulations.  
(m) General authority.  
(n) Legislative influencing-activity prohibition; communications or testimony of personnel.  
(o) Administrative services from General Services Administration.  
4605. Board of Directors.  
(a) Vested powers.  
(b) Membership.  
(c) Political affiliation.  
(d) Qualifications.  
(e) Term of office: commencement and termination, interim and remainder service, limitation.  
(f) Removal from office.  
(g) Conflict of interests.  
(h) Meetings; Chairman; Vice Chairman; quorum; notice in Federal Register; closure.  
(i) Compensation.  
(j) Travel expenses.  
4606. Officers and employees.  
(a) Appointment, compensation and status of president of Institute and other officers.

- Sec.  
(b) Authorization of activities.  
(c) Appointment, compensation and status of personnel.  
(d) Assignment of Federal officers or employees to the Institute.  
(e) Dual compensation restriction.  
(f) Federal employment status only for stated purposes.  
(g) Distributions prohibited during life or upon dissolution or liquidation of Institute or legal entity; compensation for services or expenses.  
(h) Loans prohibition; joint and several liability.  
4607. Procedures and records.  
(a) Monitoring and evaluation of programs.  
(b) Suspension procedures.  
(c) Selection considerations.  
(d) Accounts of receipts and disbursements; financial reports.  
(e) Minutes of proceedings.  
(f) Record and inspection of required items.  
(g) Audits.  
(h) Report of audit to Congress; copies for public.  
(i) Freedom of information provisions applicable.  
4608. Independence and limitations.  
4609. Funding.  
(a) Authorization of appropriations.  
(b) Transfer of unobligated funds; reports of use of funds to Congress and President.  
(c) Contractual authority.  
4610. Dissolution or liquidation.  
4611. Biennial reports to President and Congress; comments, findings, and recommendations; Congressional Committee hearings.

**§ 4601. Congressional declaration of findings and purposes**

- (a) The Congress finds and declares that—  
(1) a living institution embodying the heritage, ideals, and concerns of the American people for peace would be a significant response to the deep public need for the Nation to develop fully a range of effective options, in addition to armed capacity, that can leash international violence and manage international conflict;  
(2) people throughout the world are fearful of nuclear war, are divided by war and threats of war, are experiencing social and cultural hostilities from rapid international change and real and perceived conflicts over interests, and are diverted from peace by the lack of problem-solving skills for dealing with such conflicts;  
(3) many potentially destructive conflicts among nations and peoples have been resolved constructively and with cost efficiency at the international, national, and community levels through proper use of such techniques as negotiation, conciliation, mediation, and arbitration;  
(4) there is a national need to examine the disciplines in the social, behavioral, and physical sciences and the arts and humanities with regard to the history, nature, elements, and future of peace processes, and to bring together and develop new and tested techniques to promote peaceful economic, political, social, and cultural relations in the world;