

(Pub. L. 106-559, title I, §105, Dec. 21, 2000, 114 Stat. 2781.)

§ 3666. Authorization of appropriations

For purposes of carrying out the activities under this subchapter, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary for fiscal years 2000 through 2004.

(Pub. L. 106-559, title I, §106, Dec. 21, 2000, 114 Stat. 2781.)

SUBCHAPTER II—INDIAN TRIBAL COURTS

§ 3681. Grants

(a) In general

The Attorney General may award grants and provide technical assistance to Indian tribes to enable such tribes to carry out programs to support—

- (1) the development, enhancement, and continuing operation of tribal justice systems; and
- (2) the development and implementation of—
 - (A) tribal codes and sentencing guidelines;
 - (B) inter-tribal courts and appellate systems;
 - (C) tribal probation services, diversion programs, and alternative sentencing provisions;
 - (D) tribal juvenile services and multi-disciplinary protocols for child physical and sexual abuse; and
 - (E) traditional tribal judicial practices, traditional tribal justice systems, and traditional methods of dispute resolution.

(b) Consultation

In carrying out this section, the Attorney General may consult with the Office of Tribal Justice and any other appropriate tribal or Federal officials.

(c) Regulations

The Attorney General may promulgate such regulations and guidelines as may be necessary to carry out this subchapter.

(d) Authorization of appropriations

For purposes of carrying out the activities under this section, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary for fiscal years 2000 through 2004.

(Pub. L. 106-559, title II, §201, Dec. 21, 2000, 114 Stat. 2781.)

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CHAPTER REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This chapter is referred to in section 2218 of this title.

§ 3701. Findings

The Congress finds and declares that—

- (1) the United States and Indian tribes have a government to government relationship;
- (2) the United States has a trust responsibility to protect, conserve, utilize, and manage Indian agricultural lands consistent with its fiduciary obligation and its unique relationship with Indian tribes;
- (3) Indian agricultural lands are renewable and manageable natural resources which are vital to the economic, social, and cultural welfare of many Indian tribes and their members; and
- (4) development and management of Indian agricultural lands in accordance with integrated resource management plans will ensure proper management of Indian agricultural