

states in related legal reform for fiscal year 2001.

(3) Preparation of annual country reports on human rights

To carry out the purposes of section 104,¹ there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of State such sums as may be necessary to include the additional information required by that section in the annual Country Reports on Human Rights Practices, including the preparation and publication of the list described in subsection (a)(1) of that section.¹

(d) Authorization of appropriations to Attorney General

To carry out the purposes of section 7105(b) of this title, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Attorney General \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2001 and \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2002.

(e) Authorization of appropriations to President

(1) Foreign victim assistance

To carry out the purposes of section 7104 of this title, there are authorized to be appropriated to the President \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2001 and \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2002.

(2) Assistance to foreign countries to meet minimum standards

To carry out the purposes of section 2151d¹ of this title, there are authorized to be appropriated to the President \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2001 and \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2002.

(f) Authorization of appropriations to the Secretary of Labor

To carry out the purposes of section 7105(b) of this title, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Labor \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2001 and \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2002.

(Pub. L. 106-386, div. A, § 113, Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1490.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 104, referred to in subsecs. (a) and (c)(3), means section 104 of Pub. L. 106-386, which amended sections 2151n and 2304 of this title. Section 104(a) of Pub. L. 106-386, which does not contain a par. (1), amended generally subsec. (f) of section 2151n of this title.

Section 2152d of this title, referred to in subsecs. (c)(2) and (e)(2), was in the original “section 109”, meaning section 109 of Pub. L. 106-386 which was translated as reading section 134 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 which was enacted by section 109 and is classified to section 2152d of this title, to reflect the probable intent of Congress.

CHAPTER 79—TRADE SANCTIONS REFORM AND EXPORT ENHANCEMENT

Sec.	
7201.	Definitions.
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7210.	Application of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act.
7211.	Technical clarification relating to provision of material support to terrorism.

CHAPTER REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This chapter is referred to in sections 7210, 7211 of this title.

§ 7201. Definitions

In this chapter:

(1) Agricultural commodity

The term “agricultural commodity” has the meaning given the term in section 102 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5602).

(2) Agricultural program

The term “agricultural program” means—

(A) any program administered under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1691 et seq.);

(B) any program administered under section 1431 of title 7;

(C) any program administered under the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5601 et seq.);

(D) the dairy export incentive program administered under section 713a-14 of title 15;

(E) any commercial export sale of agricultural commodities; or

(F) any export financing (including credits or credit guarantees) provided by the United States Government for agricultural commodities.

(3) Joint resolution

The term “joint resolution” means—

(A) in the case of section 7202(a)(1) of this title, only a joint resolution introduced within 10 session days of Congress after the date on which the report of the President under section 7202(a)(1) of this title is received by Congress, the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: “That Congress approves the report of the President pursuant to section 903(a)(1) of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000, transmitted on _____.”, with the blank completed with the appropriate date; and

(B) in the case of section 7205(1)¹ of this title, only a joint resolution introduced within 10 session days of Congress after the date on which the report of the President

¹ So in original. Probably should be section “7204”.

under section 7205(2)¹ of this title is received by Congress, the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: “That Congress approves the report of the President pursuant to section 906(1) of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000, transmitted on _____,” with the blank completed with the appropriate date.

(4) Medical device

The term “medical device” has the meaning given the term “device” in section 321 of title 21.

(5) Medicine

The term “medicine” has the meaning given the term “drug” in section 321 of title 21.

(6) Unilateral agricultural sanction

The term “unilateral agricultural sanction” means any prohibition, restriction, or condition on carrying out an agricultural program with respect to a foreign country or foreign entity that is imposed by the United States for reasons of foreign policy or national security, except in a case in which the United States imposes the measure pursuant to—

(A) a multilateral regime and the other member countries of that regime have agreed to impose substantially equivalent measures; or

(B) a mandatory decision of the United Nations Security Council.

(7) Unilateral medical sanction

The term “unilateral medical sanction” means any prohibition, restriction, or condition on exports of, or the provision of assistance consisting of, medicine or a medical device with respect to a foreign country or foreign entity that is imposed by the United States for reasons of foreign policy or national security, except in a case in which the United States imposes the measure pursuant to—

(A) a multilateral regime and the other member countries of that regime have agreed to impose substantially equivalent measures; or

(B) a mandatory decision of the United Nations Security Council.

(Pub. L. 106-387, §1(a) [title IX, §902], Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-67.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, referred to in par. (2)(A), is act July 10, 1954, ch. 469, 68 Stat. 454, as amended, which is classified principally to chapter 41 (§1691 et seq.) of Title 7, Agriculture. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1691 of Title 7 and Tables.

The Agricultural Trade Act of 1978, referred to in par. (2)(C), is Pub. L. 95-501, Oct. 21, 1978, 92 Stat. 1685, as amended generally by Pub. L. 101-624, title XV, §1531, Nov. 28, 1990, 104 Stat. 3668, which is classified generally to chapter 87 (§5601 et seq.) of Title 7, Agriculture. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 5601 of Title 7 and Tables.

Section 903(a)(1) of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000, referred to in par. (3)(A), is section 1(a) [title IX, §903(a)(1)] of Pub. L. 106-387, which is classified to section 7202(a)(1) of this title.

Section 906 of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000, referred to in par. (3)(B), is section 1(a) [title IX, §906] of Pub. L. 106-387, which is classified to section 7205 of this title. Provisions relating to report of the President and enactment into law of a joint resolution are contained in section 905 of the Act, which is classified to section 7204 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Pub. L. 106-387, §1(a) [title IX, §911], Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-72, provided that:

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), this title [enacting this chapter] shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act [Oct. 28, 2000], and shall apply thereafter in any fiscal year.

“(b) EXISTING SANCTIONS.—In the case of any unilateral agricultural sanction or unilateral medical sanction that is in effect as of the date of enactment of this Act, this title shall take effect 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and shall apply thereafter in any fiscal year.”

SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 106-387, §1(a) [title IX, §901], Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-67, provided that: “This title [enacting this chapter] may be cited as the ‘Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000’.”

DEFINITIONS

Pub. L. 106-387, §1(a) [title VII, §775], Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-45, provided that: “For purposes of administering title IX of this Act [enacting this chapter], the term ‘agricultural commodity’ shall also include fertilizer and organic fertilizer, except to the extent provided pursuant to section 904 of that title [22 U.S.C. 7203].”

§ 7202. Restriction

(a) New sanctions

Except as provided in sections 7203 and 7204 of this title and notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President may not impose a unilateral agricultural sanction or unilateral medical sanction against a foreign country or foreign entity, unless—

(1) not later than 60 days before the sanction is proposed to be imposed, the President submits a report to Congress that—

(A) describes the activity proposed to be prohibited, restricted, or conditioned; and

(B) describes the actions by the foreign country or foreign entity that justify the sanction; and

(2) there is enacted into law a joint resolution stating the approval of Congress for the report submitted under paragraph (1).

(b) Existing sanctions

The President shall terminate any unilateral agricultural sanction or unilateral medical sanction that is in effect as of October 28, 2000.

(Pub. L. 106-387, §1(a) [title IX, §903], Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-68.)

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in sections 7201, 7203, 7204, 7206 of this title.

§ 7203. Exceptions

Section 7202 of this title shall not affect any authority or requirement to impose (or continue to impose) a sanction referred to in section 7202 of this title—

(1) against a foreign country or foreign entity—

(A) pursuant to a declaration of war against the country or entity;

(B) pursuant to specific statutory authorization for the use of the Armed Forces of the United States against the country or entity;

(C) against which the Armed Forces of the United States are involved in hostilities; or

(D) where imminent involvement by the Armed Forces of the United States in hostilities against the country or entity is clearly indicated by the circumstances; or

(2) to the extent that the sanction would prohibit, restrict, or condition the provision or use of any agricultural commodity, medicine, or medical device that is—

(A) controlled on the United States Munitions List established under section 2778 of this title;

(B) controlled on any control list established under the Export Administration Act of 1979 or any successor statute (50 U.S.C. App. 2401 et seq.); or

(C) used to facilitate the design, development, or production of chemical or biological weapons, missiles, or weapons of mass destruction.

(Pub. L. 106-387, §1(a) [title IX, §904], Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-68; Pub. L. 107-56, title II, §221(a)(1), Oct. 26, 2001, 115 Stat. 292.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Export Administration Act of 1979, referred to in par. (2)(B), is Pub. L. 96-72, Sept. 29, 1979, 93 Stat. 503, as amended, which is classified principally to section 2401 et seq. of Title 50, Appendix, War and National Defense. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 2401 of Title 50, Appendix, and Tables.

AMENDMENTS

2001—Par. (2)(C). Pub. L. 107-56 amended subpar. (C) generally. Prior to amendment, subpar. (C) read as follows: “used to facilitate the development or production of a chemical or biological weapon or weapon of mass destruction.”

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in sections 7202, 7205 of this title.

§ 7204. Termination of sanctions

Any unilateral agricultural sanction or unilateral medical sanction that is imposed pursuant to the procedures described in section 7202(a) of this title shall terminate not later than 2 years after the date on which the sanction became effective unless—

(1) not later than 60 days before the date of termination of the sanction, the President submits to Congress a report containing—

(A) the recommendation of the President for the continuation of the sanction for an additional period of not to exceed 2 years; and

(B) the request of the President for approval by Congress of the recommendation; and

(2) there is enacted into law a joint resolution stating the approval of Congress for the report submitted under paragraph (1).

(Pub. L. 106-387, §1(a) [title IX, §905], Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-69.)

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in sections 7202, 7206 of this title.

§ 7205. State sponsors of international terrorism

(a) Requirement

(1) In general

Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter (other than section 7203 of this title), the export of agricultural commodities, medicine, or medical devices to Cuba, the Taliban or the territory of Afghanistan controlled by the Taliban, or to the government of a country that has been determined by the Secretary of State to have repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism under section 2371 of this title, section 2405(j)(1) of title 50, Appendix, or section 2780(d) of this title, or to any other entity in such a country, shall only be made pursuant to 1-year licenses issued by the United States Government for contracts entered into during the 1-year period of the license and shipped within the 12-month period beginning on the date of the signing of the contract, except that the requirements of such 1-year licenses shall be no more restrictive than license exceptions administered by the Department of Commerce or general licenses administered by the Department of the Treasury, except that procedures shall be in place to deny licenses for exports to any entity within such country, or in the territory of Afghanistan controlled by the Taliban, promoting international terrorism.

(2) Exception

Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to the export of agricultural commodities, medicine, or medical devices to the Government of Syria or to the Government of North Korea, or to any other entity in Syria or North Korea.

(b) Quarterly reports

The applicable department or agency of the Federal Government shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees on a quarterly basis a report on any activities undertaken under subsection (a)(1) of this section during the preceding calendar quarter.

(c) Biennial reports

Not later than 2 years after October 28, 2000, and every 2 years thereafter, the applicable department or agency of the Federal Government shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees on the operation of the licensing system under this section for the preceding 2-year period, including—

(1) the number and types of licenses applied for;

(2) the number and types of licenses approved;

(3) the average amount of time elapsed from the date of filing of a license application until the date of its approval;

(4) the extent to which the licensing procedures were effectively implemented; and

(5) a description of comments received from interested parties about the extent to which

the licensing procedures were effective, after the applicable department or agency holds a public 30-day comment period.

(Pub. L. 106-387, §1(a) [title IX, §906], Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-69; Pub. L. 107-56, title II, §221(a)(2), (3), Oct. 26, 2001, 115 Stat. 292.)

AMENDMENTS

2001—Subsec. (a)(1). Pub. L. 107-56, §221(a)(2), inserted “, the Taliban or the territory of Afghanistan controlled by the Taliban,” after “Cuba” and “, or in the territory of Afghanistan controlled by the Taliban,” after “entity within such country”.

Subsec. (a)(2). Pub. L. 107-56, §221(a)(3), inserted “, or to any other entity in Syria or North Korea” before period at end.

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in section 7201 of this title.

§ 7206. Congressional procedures

(a) Referral of report

A report described in section 7202(a)(1) or 7204(1) of this title shall be referred to the appropriate committee or committees of the House of Representatives and to the appropriate committee or committees of the Senate.

(b) Referral of joint resolution

(1) In general

A joint resolution introduced in the Senate shall be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, and a joint resolution introduced in the House of Representatives shall be referred to the Committee on International Relations.

(2) Reporting date

A joint resolution referred to in paragraph (1) may not be reported before the eighth session day of Congress after the introduction of the joint resolution.

(Pub. L. 106-387, §1(a) [title IX, §907], Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-70.)

§ 7207. Prohibition on United States assistance and financing

(a) Prohibition on United States assistance

(1) In general

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no United States Government assistance, including United States foreign assistance, United States export assistance, and any United States credit or guarantees shall be available for exports to Cuba or for commercial exports to Iran, Libya, North Korea, or Sudan.

(2) Rule of construction

Nothing in paragraph (1) shall be construed to alter, modify, or otherwise affect the provisions of section 6039 of this title or any other provision of law relating to Cuba in effect on the day before October 28, 2000.

(3) Waiver

The President may waive the application of paragraph (1) with respect to Iran, Libya, North Korea, and Sudan to the degree the President determines that it is in the national security interest of the United States to do so, or for humanitarian reasons.

(b) Prohibition on financing of agricultural sales to Cuba

(1) In general

No United States person may provide payment or financing terms for sales of agricultural commodities or products to Cuba or any person in Cuba, except in accordance with the following terms (notwithstanding part 515 of title 31, Code of Federal Regulations, or any other provision of law):

(A) Payment of cash in advance.

(B) Financing by third country financial institutions (excluding United States persons or Government of Cuba entities), except that such financing may be confirmed or advised by a United States financial institution.

Nothing in this paragraph authorizes payment terms or trade financing involving a debit or credit to an account of a person located in Cuba or of the Government of Cuba maintained on the books of a United States depository institution.

(2) Penalties

Any private person or entity that violates paragraph (1) shall be subject to the penalties provided in the Trading With the Enemy Act [50 App. U.S.C. 1 et seq.] for violations under that Act.

(3) Administration and enforcement

The President shall issue such regulations as are necessary to carry out this section, except that the President, in lieu of issuing new regulations, may apply any regulations in effect on October 28, 2000, pursuant to the Trading With the Enemy Act [50 App. U.S.C. 1 et seq.], with respect to the conduct prohibited in paragraph (1).

(4) Definitions

In this subsection—

(A) the term “financing” includes any loan or extension of credit;

(B) the term “United States depository institution” means any entity (including its foreign branches or subsidiaries) organized under the laws of any jurisdiction within the United States, or any agency, office or branch located in the United States of a foreign entity, that is engaged primarily in the business of banking (including a bank, savings bank, savings association, credit union, trust company, or United States bank holding company); and

(C) the term “United States person” means the Federal Government, any State or local government, or any private person or entity of the United States.

(Pub. L. 106-387, §1(a) [title IX, §908], Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-70.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Trading With the Enemy Act, referred to in subsec. (b)(2), (3), is act Oct. 6, 1917, ch. 106, 40 Stat. 411, as amended, which is classified to sections 1 to 6, 7 to 39 and 41 to 44 of Title 50, Appendix, War and National Defense. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Tables.

§ 7208. Prohibition on additional imports from Cuba

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to alter, modify, or otherwise affect the provisions of section 515.204 of title 31, Code of Federal Regulations, relating to the prohibition on the entry into the United States of merchandise that: (1) is of Cuban origin; (2) is or has been located in or transported from or through Cuba; or (3) is made or derived in whole or in part of any article which is the growth, produce, or manufacture of Cuba.

(Pub. L. 106-387, §1(a) [title IX, §909], Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-71.)

§ 7209. Requirements relating to certain travel-related transactions with Cuba

(a) Authorization of travel relating to commercial sale of agricultural commodities

The Secretary of the Treasury shall promulgate regulations under which the travel-related transactions listed in subsection (c) of section 515.560 of title 31, Code of Federal Regulations, may be authorized on a case-by-case basis by a specific license for travel to, from, or within Cuba for the commercial export sale of agricultural commodities pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

(b) Prohibition on travel relating to tourist activities

(1) In general

Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation, the Secretary of the Treasury, or any other Federal official, may not authorize the travel-related transactions listed in subsection (c) of section 515.560 of title 31, Code of Federal Regulations, either by a general license or on a case-by-case basis by a specific license for travel to, from, or within Cuba for tourist activities.

(2) Definition

In this subsection, the term “tourist activities” means any activity with respect to travel to, from, or within Cuba that is not expressly authorized in subsection (a) of this section, in any of paragraphs (1) through (12) of section 515.560 of title 31, Code of Federal Regulations, or in any section referred to in any of such paragraphs (1) through (12) (as such sections were in effect on June 1, 2000).

(Pub. L. 106-387, §1(a) [title IX, §910], Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-71.)

§ 7210. Application of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act

Nothing in the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000 [22 U.S.C. §7201 et seq.] shall limit the application or scope of any law establishing criminal or civil penalties, including any Executive order or regulation promulgated pursuant to such laws (or similar or successor laws), for the unlawful export of any agricultural commodity, medicine, or medical device to—

(1) a foreign organization, group, or person designated pursuant to Executive Order No. 12947 of January 23, 1995, as amended;

(2) a Foreign Terrorist Organization pursuant to the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-132);

(3) a foreign organization, group, or person designated pursuant to Executive Order No. 13224 (September 23, 2001);

(4) any narcotics trafficking entity designated pursuant to Executive Order No. 12978 (October 21, 1995) or the Foreign Narcotics Kingpin Designation Act (Public Law 106-120) [21 U.S.C. §1901 et seq.]; or

(5) any foreign organization, group, or persons subject to any restriction for its involvement in weapons of mass destruction or missile proliferation.

(Pub. L. 107-56, title II, §221(b), Oct. 26, 2001, 115 Stat. 292.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000, referred to in text, is section 1(a) [title IX] of Pub. L. 106-387, Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-67, which is classified generally to this chapter. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 7201 of this title and Tables.

Executive Order No. 12947, referred to in par. (1), is set out as a note under section 1701 of Title 50, War and National Defense.

The Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996, referred to in par. (2), is Pub. L. 104-132, Apr. 24, 1996, 110 Stat. 1214, as amended. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title of 1996 Amendment note set out under section 1 of Title 18, Crimes and Criminal Procedure, and Tables.

Executive Order No. 13224, referred to par. (3), is set out as a note under section 1701 of Title 50, War and National Defense.

Executive Order No. 12978, referred to par. (4), is set out as a note under section 1701 of Title 50, War and National Defense.

The Foreign Narcotics Kingpin Designation Act, referred to in par. (4), is title VIII of Pub. L. 106-120, Dec. 3, 1999, 113 Stat. 1626, as amended, which is classified principally to chapter 24 (§1901 et seq.) of Title 21, Food and Drugs. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1901 of Title 21 and Tables.

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism (USA PATRIOT ACT) Act of 2001, and not as part of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000 which comprises this chapter.

§ 7211. Technical clarification relating to provision of material support to terrorism

No provision of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000 (title IX of Public Law 106-387) [22 U.S.C. §7201 et seq.] shall be construed to limit or otherwise affect section 2339A or 2339B of title 18.

(Pub. L. 107-56, title VIII, §807, Oct. 26, 2001, 115 Stat. 378.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000, referred to in text, is section 1(a) [title IX] of Pub. L. 106-387, Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-67, which is classified generally to this chapter. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 7201 of this title and Tables.

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism (USA PATRIOT ACT) Act of 2001, and not as part of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000 which comprises this chapter.

CHAPTER 80—DIPLOMATIC TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE PROGRAM OFFICE (DTS-PO)

- Sec.
7301. Reorganization of Diplomatic Telecommunications Service Program Office.
 (a) Reorganization.
 (b) Purpose and duties of DTS-PO.
7302. Personnel.
 (a) Establishment of position of Chief Executive Officer.
 (b) Establishment of positions of Deputy Executive Officer.
 (c) Termination of positions of Director and Deputy Director.
 (d) Employees of DTS-PO.
 (e) Staff of Federal agencies.
7303. Diplomatic Telecommunications Service Oversight Board.
 (a) Oversight Board established.
7304. General provisions.
 (a) Report to Congress.
 (b) Notification requirements.
 (c) Procurement authority of DTS-PO.
 (d) Definition of appropriate congressional committees of jurisdiction.
 (e) Statutory construction.
 (f) Authorization of appropriations for DTS-PO.

§ 7301. Reorganization of Diplomatic Telecommunications Service Program Office

(a) Reorganization

Effective 60 days after December 27, 2000, the Diplomatic Telecommunications Service Program Office (DTS-PO) established pursuant to title V of Public Law 102-140 shall be reorganized in accordance with this chapter.

(b) Purpose and duties of DTS-PO

The purpose and duties of DTS-PO shall be to carry out a program for the establishment and maintenance of a diplomatic telecommunications system and communications network (hereinafter in this chapter referred to as “DTS”) capable of providing multiple levels of service to meet the wide ranging needs of all United States Government agencies and departments at diplomatic facilities abroad, including national security needs for secure, reliable, and robust communications capabilities.

(Pub. L. 106-567, title III, § 321, Dec. 27, 2000, 114 Stat. 2843.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Public Law 102-140, referred to in subsec. (a), is Pub. L. 102-140, Oct. 28, 1991, 105 Stat. 782, as amended. Title V of the Act is not classified to the Code. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Tables.

ONE-YEAR SUSPENSION OF REORGANIZATION OF DIPLOMATIC TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE PROGRAM OFFICE

Pub. L. 107-108, title III, § 311, Dec. 28, 2001, 115 Stat. 1401, provided that: “Notwithstanding any provision of subtitle B [§ 321 et seq.] of title III of the Intelligence

Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (Public Law 106-567; 114 Stat. 2843; 22 U.S.C. 7301 et seq.), relating to the reorganization of the Diplomatic Telecommunications Service Program Office, no provision of that subtitle shall be effective during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act [Dec. 28, 2001] and ending on October 1, 2002.”

REFORM OF THE DIPLOMATIC TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE PROGRAM OFFICE

Pub. L. 106-113, div. B, § 1000(a)(7) [div. A, title III, § 305], Nov. 29, 1999, 113 Stat. 1536, 1501A-435, provided that:

“(a) **ADDITIONAL RESOURCES.**—In addition to other amounts authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of the Diplomatic Telecommunications Service Program Office (DTS-PO), of the amounts made available to the Department of State under section 101(2) [113 Stat. 1501A-410], \$18,000,000 shall be made available only to the DTS-PO for enhancement of Diplomatic Telecommunications Service capabilities.

“(b) **IMPROVEMENT OF DTS-PO.**—In order for the DTS-PO to better manage a fully integrated telecommunications network to service all agencies at diplomatic missions and consular posts, the DTS-PO shall—

“(1) ensure that those enhancements of, and the provision of service for, telecommunication capabilities that involve the national security interests of the United States receive the highest prioritization;

“(2) not later than December 31, 1999, terminate all leases for satellite systems located at posts in criteria countries, unless all maintenance and servicing of the satellite system is undertaken by United States citizens who have received appropriate security clearances;

“(3) institute a system of charges for utilization of bandwidth by each agency beginning October 1, 2000, and institute a comprehensive chargeback system to recover all, or substantially all, of the other costs of telecommunications services provided through the Diplomatic Telecommunications Service to each agency beginning October 1, 2001;

“(4) ensure that all DTS-PO policies and procedures comply with applicable policies established by the Overseas Security Policy Board; and

“(5) maintain the allocation of the positions of Director and Deputy Director of DTS-PO as those positions were assigned as of June 1, 1999, which assignments shall pertain through fiscal year 2001, at which time such assignments shall be adjusted in the customary manner.

“(c) **REPORT ON IMPROVING MANAGEMENT.**—Not later than March 31, 2000, the Director and Deputy Director of DTS-PO shall jointly submit to the Committee on International Relations and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate the Director’s plan for improving network architecture, engineering, operations monitoring and control, service metrics reporting, and service provisioning, so as to achieve highly secure, reliable, and robust communications capabilities that meet the needs of both national security agencies and other United States agencies with overseas personnel.

“(d) **FUNDING OF DTS-PO.**—Funds appropriated for allocation to DTS-PO shall be made available only for DTS-PO until a comprehensive chargeback system is in place.

“(e) **APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.**—In this section, the term ‘appropriate committees of Congress’ means the Committee on International Relations and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate.”