

leum Reserve-Alaska: *Provided*, That not more than a total of 2,000,000 acres may be leased in these two sales: *Provided further*, That any exploration or production undertaken pursuant to this section shall be in accordance with section 104(b) of the Naval Petroleum Reserves Production Act of 1976 (90 Stat. 304; 42 U.S.C. 6504).

(Pub. L. 96-514, title I, § 100, Dec. 12, 1980, 94 Stat. 2964; Pub. L. 98-620, title IV, § 402(41), Nov. 8, 1984, 98 Stat. 3360; Pub. L. 105-83, title I, § 128, Nov. 14, 1997, 111 Stat. 1568.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This section, referred to in first par., was in the original "this Act", meaning Pub. L. 96-514, Dec. 12, 1980, 94 Stat. 2957, known as the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1981. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Tables.

Subpar. (H) of section 205(a)(1) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act Amendments of 1978, referred to in first par., was redesignated subpar. (I) of section 205(a)(1), and a new subpar. (H) was added by Pub. L. 104-58, title III, § 303, Nov. 28, 1995, 109 Stat. 565.

The National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, referred to in text, is Pub. L. 91-190, Jan. 1, 1970, 83 Stat. 852, as amended, which is classified generally to chapter 55 (§ 4321 et seq.) of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 4321 of this title and Tables.

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1981, and not as part of the Naval Petroleum Reserves Production Act of 1976 which comprises this chapter.

AMENDMENTS

1997—Pub. L. 105-83, in first par., substituted cls. (8) to (11) and two concluding provisos for "(8) each lease shall be issued for an initial period of up to ten years, and shall be extended for so long thereafter as oil or gas is produced from the lease in paying quantities, or as drilling or reworking operations, as approved by the Secretary, are conducted thereon; and (9) all receipts from sales, rentals, bonuses, and royalties on leases issued pursuant to this section shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States: *Provided*, That 50 per centum thereof shall be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury semiannually, as soon as practicable after March 30 and September 30 each year, to the State of Alaska for (a) planning, (b) construction, maintenance, and operation of essential public facilities, and (c) other necessary provisions of public service: *Provided further*, That in the allocation of such funds, the State shall give priority to use by subdivisions of the State most directly or severely impacted by development of oil and gas leased under this section."

1984—Pub. L. 98-620 struck out provision in third par. that required that any proceeding on such action be assigned for hearing at the earliest possible date and be expedited by the Court.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1984 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 98-620 not applicable to cases pending on Nov. 8, 1984, see section 403 of Pub. L. 98-620, set out as an Effective Date note under section 1657 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure.

**CHAPTER 79—SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY, ORGANIZATION AND PRIORITIES**

**SUBCHAPTER I—NATIONAL SCIENCE, ENGINEERING, AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY AND PRIORITIES**

- Sec.  
6601. Congressional findings; priority goals.  
6602. Congressional declaration of policy.

- Sec.  
(a) Principles.  
(b) Implementation.  
(c) Procedures.

**SUBCHAPTER II—OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY**

6611. Establishment of Office.  
6612. Director; Associate Directors.  
6613. Functions of Director.  
6614. Policy planning; analysis; advice; establishment of advisory panel.  
6615. Science and technology report and outlook.  
(a) Contents of report.  
(b) Printing; availability to public.  
6616. Additional functions of Director.  
(a) Service as Chairman of Federal Coordinating Council for Science, Engineering, and Technology and as member of Domestic Council.  
(b) Advice to National Security Council.  
(c) Officers and employees; services; contracts; payments.  
6617. Coordination with other organizations.  
(a) Consultation and cooperation with Federal departments and agencies; utilization of consultants; establishment of advisory panels; consultation with State and local agencies, professional groups, and representatives of industry, etc.; hearings; utilization of services, personnel, equipment, etc., of public and private agencies and organizations, and individuals.  
(b) Information from Executive departments, agencies, and instrumentalities.  
(c) Assistance from Administrator of National Aeronautics and Space Administration.  
6618. Major science and technology proposals.

**SUBCHAPTER III—PRESIDENT'S COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

6631. Establishment of Committee.  
6632. Membership of Committee.  
(a) Composition; appointment.  
(b) Qualifications.  
(c) Chairman; Vice Chairman.  
(d) Compensation.  
6633. Federal science, engineering, and technology survey; reports.  
6634. Continuation of Committee.  
6635. Staff and consultant report.

**SUBCHAPTER IV—FEDERAL COORDINATING COUNCIL FOR SCIENCE, ENGINEERING, AND TECHNOLOGY**

6651. Establishment, membership, and functions of Council.  
(a) Designation.  
(b) Composition.  
(c) Chairman.  
(d) Participation of unnamed Federal agencies in meetings; invitations to attend meetings.  
(e) Consideration of problems and developments affecting more than one Federal agency; recommendations.  
(f) Other advisory duties.  
(g) Assistance to Council by agency represented thereon.  
(h) Establishment of subcommittees and panels.

**SUBCHAPTER V—GENERAL PROVISIONS**

6671. Authorization of appropriations.

**SUBCHAPTER VI—NATIONAL CRITICAL TECHNOLOGIES PANEL**

- 6681 to 6685. Omitted.

- Sec.  
6686. Science and Technology Policy Institute.  
 (a) Establishment.  
 (b) Incorporation.  
 (c) Duties.  
 (d) Consultation on Institute activities.  
 (e) Annual reports.  
 (f) Sponsorship.
6687. Critical technology strategies.  
 (a) Requirement for critical technology strategies.  
 (b) Report.

## CHAPTER REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This chapter is referred to in title 30 sections 1602, 1604.

## SUBCHAPTER I—NATIONAL SCIENCE, ENGINEERING, AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY AND PRIORITIES

## SUBCHAPTER REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This subchapter is referred to in section 6632 of this title.

**§ 6601. Congressional findings; priority goals**

(a) The Congress, recognizing the profound impact of science and technology on society, and the interrelations of scientific, technological, economic, social, political, and institutional factors, hereby finds and declares that—

- (1) the general welfare, the security, the economic health and stability of the Nation, the conservation and efficient utilization of its natural and human resources, and the effective functioning of government and society require vigorous, perceptive support and employment of science and technology in achieving national objectives;
- (2) the many large and complex scientific and technological factors which increasingly influence the course of national and international events require appropriate provision, involving long-range, inclusive planning as well as more immediate program development, to incorporate scientific and technological knowledge in the national decisionmaking process;
- (3) the scientific and technological capabilities of the United States, when properly fostered, applied, and directed, can effectively assist in improving the quality of life, in anticipating and resolving critical and emerging international, national, and local problems, in strengthening the Nation's international economic position, and in furthering its foreign policy objectives;
- (4) Federal funding for science and technology represents an investment in the future which is indispensable to sustained national progress and human betterment, and there should be a continuing national investment in science, engineering, and technology which is commensurate with national needs and opportunities and the prevalent economic situation;
- (5) the manpower pool of scientists, engineers, and technicians, constitutes an invaluable national resource which should be utilized to the fullest extent possible; and
- (6) the Nation's capabilities for technology assessment and for technological planning and policy formulation must be strengthened at both Federal and State levels.

(b) As a consequence, the Congress finds and declares that science and technology should contribute to the following priority goals without being limited thereto:

- (1) fostering leadership in the quest for international peace and progress toward human freedom, dignity, and well-being by enlarging the contributions of American scientists and engineers to the knowledge of man and his universe, by making discoveries of basic science widely available at home and abroad, and by utilizing technology in support of United States national and foreign policy goals;
- (2) increasing the efficient use of essential materials and products, and generally contributing to economic opportunity, stability, and appropriate growth;
- (3) assuring an adequate supply of food, materials, and energy for the Nation's needs;
- (4) contributing to the national security;
- (5) improving the quality of health care available to all residents of the United States;
- (6) preserving, fostering, and restoring a healthful and esthetic natural environment;
- (7) providing for the protection of the oceans and coastal zones, and the polar regions, and the efficient utilization of their resources;
- (8) strengthening the economy and promoting full employment through useful scientific and technological innovations;
- (9) increasing the quality of educational opportunities available to all residents of the United States;
- (10) promoting the conservation and efficient utilization of the Nation's natural and human resources;
- (11) improving the Nation's housing, transportation, and communication systems, and assuring the provision of effective public services throughout urban, suburban, and rural areas;
- (12) eliminating air and water pollution, and unnecessary, unhealthful, or ineffective drugs and food additives; and
- (13) advancing the exploration and peaceful uses of outer space.

(Pub. L. 94-282, title I, § 101, May 11, 1976, 90 Stat. 459.)

## SHORT TITLE

Section 1 of Pub. L. 94-282 provided that: "This Act [enacting this chapter, amending section 1863 of this title, repealing sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of Reorganization Plan Numbered 2 of 1962 (76 Stat. 1253), set out as a note under section 1861 of this title, and section 2 of Reorganization Plan Numbered 1 of 1973 (87 Stat. 1089), set out as a note under section 5195 of this title, and enacting provisions set out as notes under this section and sections 1862 and 6611 of this title] may be cited as the 'National Science and Technology Policy, Organization, and Priorities Act of 1976'."

Section 201 of title II of Pub. L. 94-282 provided that: "This title [enacting subchapter II of this chapter] may be cited as the 'Presidential Science and Technology Advisory Organization Act of 1976'."

## EX. ORD. NO. 12039. TRANSFER OF CERTAIN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY FUNCTIONS

Ex. Ord. No. 12039, Feb. 24, 1978, 43 F.R. 8095, as amended by Ex. Ord. No. 12399, Dec. 31, 1982, 48 F.R. 379, provided:

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the United States of America, in-