

(1) a civil penalty of not to exceed \$10,000 may be imposed on any person who violates, or attempts to violate, any license, order, or regulation issued under this chapter; and

(2) whoever willfully violates, or willfully attempts to violate, any license, order, or regulation issued under this chapter shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than \$50,000, or, if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than 10 years, or both; and any officer, director, or agent of any corporation who willfully participates in such violation may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment, or both.

(b) Import violations

Those customs laws of the United States, both civil and criminal, including those laws relating to seizure and forfeiture, that apply to articles imported in violation of such laws shall apply with respect to rough diamonds imported in violation of this chapter.

(c) Authority to enforce

The United States Bureau of Customs and Border Protection and the United States Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement are authorized, as appropriate, to enforce the provisions of subsection (a) and to enforce the laws and regulations governing exports of rough diamonds, including with respect to the validation of the Kimberley Process Certificate by the exporting authority.

(Pub. L. 108–19, § 8, Apr. 25, 2003, 117 Stat. 634.)

§ 3908. Technical assistance

The President may direct the appropriate agencies of the United States Government to make available technical assistance to countries seeking to implement the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme.

(Pub. L. 108–19, § 9, Apr. 25, 2003, 117 Stat. 635.)

§ 3909. Sense of Congress

(a) Ongoing process

It is the sense of the Congress that the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme, officially launched on January 1, 2003, is an ongoing process. The President should work with Participants to strengthen the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme through the adoption of measures for the sharing of statistics on the production of and trade in rough diamonds, and for monitoring the effectiveness of the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme in stemming trade in diamonds the importation or exportation of which is not controlled through the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme.

(b) Statistics and reporting

It is the sense of the Congress that under Annex III to the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme, Participants recognized that reliable and comparable data on the international trade in rough diamonds are an essential tool for the effective implementation of the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme. Therefore, the executive branch should continue to—

(1) keep and publish statistics on imports and exports of rough diamonds under sub-

headings 7102.10.00, 7102.21, and 7102.31.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States;

(2) make these statistics available for analysis by interested parties and by Participants; and

(3) take a leadership role in negotiating a standardized methodology among Participants for reporting statistics on imports and exports of rough diamonds.

(Pub. L. 108–19, § 10, Apr. 25, 2003, 117 Stat. 635.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, referred to in subsec. (b)(1), is not set out in the Code. See Publication of Harmonized Tariff Schedule note set out under section 1202 of this title.

§ 3910. Kimberley Process Implementation Coordinating Committee

The President shall establish a Kimberley Process Implementation Coordinating Committee to coordinate the implementation of this chapter. The Committee shall be composed of the following individuals or their designees:

(1) The Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of State, who shall be co-chairpersons.

(2) The Secretary of Commerce.

(3) The United States Trade Representative.

(4) The Secretary of Homeland Security.

(5) A representative of any other agency the President deems appropriate.

(Pub. L. 108–19, § 11, Apr. 25, 2003, 117 Stat. 635.)

DELEGATION OF FUNCTIONS

For assignment of functions of President under this section, see section 2 of Ex. Ord. No. 13312, July 29, 2003, 68 F.R. 45151, set out as a note under section 3901 of this title.

§ 3911. Reports

(a) Annual reports

Not later than 1 year after April 25, 2003, and every 12 months thereafter for such period as this chapter is in effect, the President shall transmit to the Congress a report—

(1) describing actions taken by countries that have exported rough diamonds to the United States during the preceding 12-month period to control the exportation of the diamonds through the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme;

(2) describing whether there is statistical information or other evidence that would indicate efforts to circumvent the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme, including cutting rough diamonds for the purpose of circumventing the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme;

(3) identifying each country that, during the preceding 12-month period, exported rough diamonds to the United States and was exporting rough diamonds not controlled through the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme, if the failure to do so has significantly increased the likelihood that those diamonds not so controlled are being imported into the United States; and

(4) identifying any problems or obstacles encountered in the implementation of this chap-

ter or the Kimberly¹ Process Certification Scheme.

(b) Semiannual reports

For each country identified in subsection (a)(3), the President, during such period as this chapter is in effect, shall, every 6 months after the initial report in which the country was identified, transmit to the Congress a report that explains what actions have been taken by the United States or such country since the previous report to ensure that diamonds the exportation of which was not controlled through the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme are not being imported from that country into the United States. The requirement to issue a semiannual report with respect to a country under this subsection shall remain in effect until such time as the country is controlling the importation and exportation of rough diamonds through the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme.

(Pub. L. 108-19, §12, Apr. 25, 2003, 117 Stat. 636.)

DELEGATION OF FUNCTIONS

For assignment of functions of President under this section, see section 2 of Ex. Ord. No. 13312, July 29, 2003, 68 F.R. 45151, set out as a note under section 3901 of this title.

§ 3912. GAO report

Not later than 24 months after the effective date of this chapter, the Comptroller General of the United States shall transmit a report to the Congress on the effectiveness of the provisions of this chapter in preventing the importation or exportation of rough diamonds that is prohibited under section 3903 of this title. The Comptroller General shall include in the report any recommendations on any modifications to this chapter that may be necessary.

(Pub. L. 108-19, §13, Apr. 25, 2003, 117 Stat. 636.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

For effective date of this chapter, see section 15 of Pub. L. 108-19, set out as an Effective Date note under section 3901 of this title.

§ 3913. Delegation of authorities

The President may delegate the duties and authorities under this chapter to such officers, officials, departments, or agencies of the United States Government as the President deems appropriate.

(Pub. L. 108-19, §14, Apr. 25, 2003, 117 Stat. 636.)

CHAPTER 26—DOMINICAN REPUBLIC-CENTRAL AMERICA FREE TRADE

- Sec. 4001. Purposes.
- 4002. Definitions.

SUBCHAPTER I—APPROVAL OF, AND GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO, THE AGREEMENT

- 4011. Approval and entry into force of the Agreement.
- 4012. Relationship of the Agreement to United States and State law.
- 4013. Implementing actions in anticipation of entry into force and initial regulations.

¹ So in original. Probably should be “Kimberley”.

- Sec. 4014. Consultation and layover provisions for, and effective date of, proclaimed actions.
- 4015. Administration of dispute settlement proceedings.
- 4016. Arbitration of claims.

SUBCHAPTER II—CUSTOMS PROVISIONS

- 4031. Tariff modifications.
- 4032. Additional duties on certain agricultural goods.
- 4033. Rules of origin.
- 4034. Retroactive application for certain liquidations and reliquidations of textile or apparel goods.
- 4035. Enforcement relating to trade in textile or apparel goods.
- 4036. Regulations.

SUBCHAPTER III—RELIEF FROM IMPORTS

- 4051. Definitions.

PART A—RELIEF FROM IMPORTS BENEFITING FROM THE AGREEMENT

- 4061. Commencing of action for relief.
- 4062. Commission action on petition.
- 4063. Provision of relief.
- 4064. Termination of relief authority.
- 4065. Compensation authority.

PART B—TEXTILE AND APPAREL SAFEGUARD MEASURES

- 4081. Commencement of action for relief.
- 4082. Determination and provision of relief.
- 4083. Period of relief.
- 4084. Articles exempt from relief.
- 4085. Rate after termination of import relief.
- 4086. Termination of relief authority.
- 4087. Compensation authority.
- 4088. Confidential business information.

PART C—CASES UNDER TITLE II OF THE TRADE ACT OF 1974

- 4101. Findings and action on goods of CAFTA-DR countries.

SUBCHAPTER IV—MISCELLANEOUS

- 4111. Periodic reports and meetings on labor obligations and labor capacity-building provisions.

TERMINATION OF CHAPTER

For termination of chapter by section 107(d) of Pub. L. 109-53, see Effective and Termination Dates note set out under section 4001 of this title.

§ 4001. Purposes

The purposes of this chapter are—

- (1) to approve and implement the Free Trade Agreement between the United States, Costa Rica, the Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, and Nicaragua entered into under the authority of section 3803(b) of this title;
- (2) to strengthen and develop economic relations between the United States, Costa Rica, the Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, and Nicaragua for their mutual benefit;
- (3) to establish free trade between the United States, Costa Rica, the Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, and Nicaragua through the reduction and elimination of barriers to trade in goods and services and to investment; and
- (4) to lay the foundation for further cooperation to expand and enhance the benefits of the Agreement.