

## REFERENCES IN TEXT

This chapter, referred to in subsec. (a), was in the original “this Act”, meaning Pub. L. 108-25, May 27, 2003, 117 Stat. 711, which is classified principally to this chapter. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 7601 of this title and Tables.

**§ 7672. Sense of Congress****(a) Increase in HIV/AIDS antiretroviral treatment**

It is a sense of the Congress that an urgent priority of United States assistance programs to fight HIV/AIDS should be the rapid increase in distribution of antiretroviral treatment so that—

- (1) by the end of fiscal year 2004, at least 500,000 individuals with HIV/AIDS are receiving antiretroviral treatment through United States assistance programs;
- (2) by the end of fiscal year 2005, at least 1,000,000 such individuals are receiving such treatment; and
- (3) by the end of fiscal year 2006, at least 2,000,000 such individuals are receiving such treatment.

**(b) Effective distribution of HIV/AIDS funds**

It is the sense of Congress that, of the amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations under section 7671 of this title for HIV/AIDS assistance, an effective distribution of such amounts would be—

- (1) 55 percent of such amounts for treatment of individuals with HIV/AIDS;
- (2) 15 percent of such amounts for palliative care of individuals with HIV/AIDS;
- (3) 20 percent of such amounts for HIV/AIDS prevention consistent with section 2151b-2(d) of this title, of which such amount at least 33 percent should be expended for abstinence-until-marriage programs; and
- (4) 10 percent of such amounts for orphans and vulnerable children.

(Pub. L. 108-25, title IV, § 402, May 27, 2003, 117 Stat. 745.)

**§ 7673. Allocation of funds****(a) Therapeutic medical care**

For fiscal years 2006 through 2008, not less than 55 percent of the amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations under section 7671 of this title for HIV/AIDS assistance for each such fiscal year shall be expended for therapeutic medical care of individuals infected with HIV, of which such amount at least 75 percent should be expended for the purchase and distribution of antiretroviral pharmaceuticals and at least 25 percent should be expended for related care. For fiscal years 2006 through 2008, not less than 33 percent of the amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations under section 7671 of this title for HIV/AIDS prevention consistent with section 2151b-2(d) of this title for each such fiscal year shall be expended for abstinence-until-marriage programs.

**(b) Orphans and vulnerable children**

For fiscal years 2006 through 2008, not less than 10 percent of the amounts appropriated

pursuant to the authorization of appropriations under section 7671 of this title for HIV/AIDS assistance for each such fiscal year shall be expended for assistance for orphans and vulnerable children affected by HIV/AIDS, of which such amount at least 50 percent shall be provided through non-profit, nongovernmental organizations, including faith-based organizations, that implement programs on the community level.

(Pub. L. 108-25, title IV, § 403, May 27, 2003, 117 Stat. 746.)

**§ 7674. Assistance from the United States private sector to prevent and reduce HIV/AIDS in sub-Saharan Africa**

It is the sense of Congress that United States businesses should be encouraged to provide assistance to sub-Saharan African countries to prevent and reduce the incidence of HIV/AIDS in sub-Saharan Africa. In providing such assistance, United States businesses should be encouraged to consider the establishment of an HIV/AIDS Response Fund in order to provide for coordination among such businesses in the collection and distribution of the assistance to sub-Saharan African countries.

(Pub. L. 108-25, title IV, § 404, May 27, 2003, 117 Stat. 746.)

SUBCHAPTER V—INTERNATIONAL  
FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS**§ 7681. Report on expansion of debt relief to non-HIPC countries****(a) In general**

Not later than 90 days after May 27, 2003, the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit to Congress a report on—

- (1) the options and costs associated with the expansion of debt relief provided by the Enhanced HIPC Initiative to include poor countries that were not eligible for inclusion in the Enhanced HIPC Initiative;
- (2) options for burden-sharing among donor countries and multilateral institutions of costs associated with the expansion of debt relief; and
- (3) options, in addition to debt relief, to ensure debt sustainability in poor countries, particularly in cases when the poor country has suffered an external economic shock or a natural disaster.

**(b) Specific options to be considered**

Among the options for the expansion of debt relief provided by the Enhanced HIPC Initiative, consideration should be given to making eligible for that relief poor countries for which outstanding public and publicly guaranteed debt requires annual payments in excess of 10 percent or, in the case of a country suffering a public health crisis (as defined in section 262p-8(e) of this title), not more than 5 percent, of the amount of the annual current revenues received by the country from internal resources.

**(c) Enhanced HIPC Initiative defined**

In this section, the term “Enhanced HIPC Initiative” means the multilateral debt initiative for heavily indebted poor countries presented in