§ 225. Continuing financial crimes enterprise
(a) Whoever—
(1) organizes, manages, or supervises a continuing financial crimes enterprise; and
(2) receives $5,000,000 or more in gross receipts from such enterprise during any 24-month period,
shall be fined not more than $10,000,000 if an individual, or $20,000,000 if an organization, and
imprisoned for a term of not less than 10 years and which may be life.
(b) For purposes of subsection (a), the term "continuing financial crimes enterprise" means
a series of violations under section 215, 656, 657, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1014, 1032, or 1344 of this title, or
section 1341 or 1343 affecting a financial institution, committed by at least 4 persons acting in concert.


§ 226. Bribery affecting port security
(a) In general.—Whoever knowingly—
(1) directly or indirectly, corruptly gives, offers, or promises anything of value to any public
or private person, with intent to commit international terrorism or domestic terrorism
(as those terms are defined under section 2331), to—
(A) influence any action or any person to commit or aid in committing, or collude in,
or allow, any fraud, or make opportunity for the commission of any fraud affecting any
secure or restricted area or seaport; or
(B) induce any official or person to do or omit to do any act in violation of the lawful
duty of such official or person that affects any secure or restricted area or seaport; or
(2) directly or indirectly, corruptly demands, seeks, receives, accepts, or agrees to receive or
accept anything of value personally or for any other person or entity in return for—
(A) being influenced in the performance of any official act affecting any secure or re-
stricted area or seaport; and
(B) knowing that such influence will be used to commit, or plan to commit, interna-
tional or domestic terrorism,
shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 15 years, or both.
(b) Definition.—In this section, the term "secure or restricted area" means an area of a ves-
sel or facility designated as secure in an approved security plan, as required under section
70103 of title 46, United States Code, and the rules and regulations promulgated under that
section.


§ 227. Wrongfully influencing a private entity's employment decisions by a Member of Congress or an officer or employee of the legislative or executive branch
(a) Whoever, being a covered government person, with the intent to influence, solely on the
basis of partisan political affiliation, an employment decision or employment practice of any
private entity—