

**United States Court of Appeals
FOR THE EIGHTH CIRCUIT**

No. 09-2429

Shelby J. Norris,

Appellant,

v.

Michael J. Astrue, Commissioner of
Social Security Administration,

Appellee.

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Appeal from the United States
District Court for the
Eastern District of Arkansas.

[UNPUBLISHED]

Submitted: March 29, 2010
Filed: May 5, 2010

Before RILEY, Chief Judge¹, BYE, and SHEPHERD, Circuit Judges.

PER CURIAM.

Shelby J. Norris appeals the district court's² order affirming the denial of disability insurance benefits and supplemental security income. Having carefully reviewed the record, see Medhaug v. Astrue, 578 F.3d 805, 813 (8th Cir. 2009)

¹The Honorable William Jay Riley became Chief Judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit on April 1, 2010.

²The Honorable Beth M. Deere, United States Magistrate Judge for the Eastern District of Arkansas, to whom the case was referred for final disposition by consent of the parties pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(c).

(standard of review), we agree with the district court that the administrative law judge's (ALJ's) findings concerning Norris's mental residual functional capacity (RFC) were supported by substantial evidence, see Moore v. Astrue, 572 F.3d 520, 523 (8th Cir. 2009) (in determining RFC, ALJ must consider all relevant evidence, including medical records, observations of treating physicians and others, and claimant's own description of her limitations); see also Wagner v. Astrue, 499 F.3d 843, 848 (8th Cir. 2007) (it is ALJ's function to resolve conflicts among opinions of various examining and treating physicians). Norris's other arguments for reversal merit no discussion. Accordingly, we affirm. See 8th Cir. R. 47B.
