

nam, that year was 1962. In that same year, General Douglas MacArthur gave his famous farewell speech at West Point. He spoke the following words of praise to all those who serve in our military. I repeat them today because they apply especially well to you. MacArthur said, in reference to the American soldier, "I regarded him as one of the world's noblest figures, not only as one of the finest military characters but also as one of the most stainless."

In closing, General Powell, I am reminded of the words of another young valiant warrior, spoken when, like you, he was finishing one journey and beginning a second. John Bunyan wrote in Pilgrim's Progress of the warrior valiant at the end of his life, as he prepared to present himself to the Almighty, "My sword I give to him that shall succeed me in my pilgrimage and my courage and skill to him that can get them. My marks and scars I carry with me to be a witness for me, to Him who shall be my rewarder."

General Powell, your reward is a grateful Nation and a bright future. Your reward is a stronger Nation, safer and better today for your sword, your courage, and your skill. From the bottom of my heart, on behalf of every man and woman, every boy and girl in this great country, I thank you and wish you Godspeed.

NOTE: The President spoke at 4:30 p.m. at Fort Myer.

### **Statement on Signing the Foreign Operations Appropriations Legislation**

*September 30, 1993*

Today I have signed into law H.R. 2295, the Foreign Operations Appropriations Act, which includes \$2.5 billion in assistance for Russia and the other new independent states of the former Soviet Union. I am grateful for the bipartisan cooperation by the leadership and many other members of Congress who acted quickly to pass this package of assistance.

Enactment of this bill marks a major advance in our strategy to enlarge the world's free community of market democracies.

This bill also contains vital support for Israel and Egypt and other measures related to the Middle East peace process. The Congress's timely passage of these provisions, soon after the dramatic advances of the past few weeks, shows our Nation's commitment to peace in the Middle East.

The elements of the bill supporting Russia, Ukraine, Armenia, and the other new independent states include: the U.S. contribution for a multilateral Special Privatization and Restructuring Program, a G-7 initiative that will support the privatization of large Russian enterprises; financing for joint projects in the energy and environmental sectors, including programs to increase the safety of nuclear reactors; expansion of the President's Democracy Corps initiative begun at the Vancouver Summit; and humanitarian assistance for those parts of the former Soviet Union where food and medicines are still desperately needed.

Recent events in Moscow highlight the urgency of helping Russia and the other states of the former Soviet Union sustain the momentum of democratic and economic reform. This bill makes a solid investment in our own national security and prosperity, enabling us to reduce the amount we spend for national defense while offering a hand of partnership to former adversaries who are making the difficult transition to the institutions of market democracy.

**William J. Clinton**

The White House,  
September 30, 1993.

NOTE: H.R. 2295, approved September 30, was assigned Public Law No. 103-87.

### **Statement on Signing the Continuing Appropriations Resolution**

*September 30, 1993*

Today I have signed into law House Joint Resolution 267, a Continuing Resolution that funds the operations of the Federal Government during October 1-21, 1993.

A Continuing Resolution is necessary at this time in order to keep the Government

functioning while the Congress completes the appropriations process.

I commend the Congress for presenting me with a funding measure that provides for a simple, temporary extension of normal Government operations and is free of extraneous amendments. I urge the Congress to complete the regular appropriations process by October 21 so that a second Continuing Resolution can be avoided.

**William J. Clinton**

The White House,  
September 30, 1993.

NOTE: H.J. Res. 267, approved September 30, was assigned Public Law No. 103-88.

**Executive Order 12869—  
Continuance of Certain Federal  
Advisory Committees**  
*September 30, 1993*

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. App.), it is hereby ordered as follows:

**Section 1.** Each advisory committee listed below is continued until September 30, 1995:

(a) Committee for the Preservation of the White House; Executive Order No. 11145, as amended (Department of the Interior);

(b) Federal Advisory Council on Occupational Safety and Health; Executive Order No. 12196, as amended (Department of Labor);

(c) President's Commission on White House Fellowships; Executive Order No. 11183, as amended (Office of Personnel Management);

(d) President's Committee on the Arts and Humanities; Executive Order No. 12367, as amended (National Endowment for the Arts);

(e) President's Committee on the International Labor Organization; Executive Order No. 12216 (Department of Labor);

(f) President's Committee on Mental Retardation; Executive Order No. 11776, as amended (Department of Health and Human Services);

(g) President's Committee on the National Medal of Science; Executive Order No. 11287, as amended (National Science Foundation);

(h) President's Council on Physical Fitness and Sports; Executive Order No. 12345, as amended (Department of Health and Human Services); and

(i) President's Export Council; Executive Order No. 12131, as amended (Department of Commerce);

(j) President's National Security Telecommunications Advisory Committee; Executive Order No. 12382, as amended (Department of Defense).

**Sec. 2.** The President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology; Executive Order No. 12700, as amended (Office of Science and Technology Policy), the authority for which expired on June 30, 1993, is hereby reestablished in accordance with the provisions of Executive Order No. 12700, as amended, and shall continue until September 30, 1995.

**Sec. 3.** Notwithstanding the provisions of any other Executive order, the functions of the President under the Federal Advisory Committee Act that are applicable to the committees listed in sections 1 and 2 of this order, except that of reporting annually to the Congress, shall be performed by the head of the department or agency designated after each committee, in accordance with the guidelines and procedures established by the Administrator of General Services.

**Sec. 4.** The following Executive orders or sections thereof, which established committees that have terminated or whose work is completed, are revoked:

(a) Executive Order No. 12792, establishing the National Commission on America's Urban Families;

(b) Executive Order No. 12813, as amended by Executive Order No. 12815, establishing the President's Commission on the Management of the Agency for International Development (AID) Programs;

(c) Executive Order No. 12720, as amended by Executive Order No. 12783, establishing the President's Council on Rural America;