

and every day—that we express, through word or deed, our appreciation to them and that we remember their love, their friendship, and their faith in us.

**Now, Therefore, I, William J. Clinton,** President of the United States of America, in accordance with a joint resolution of the Congress approved April 24, 1972 (36 U.S.C. 142a), do hereby proclaim, Sunday, June 19, 1994, as “Father’s Day.” I invite the States, communities and people of the United States to observe this day with appropriate ceremonies as a mark of appreciation and affection for our fathers.

**In Witness Whereof,** I have hereunto set my hand this fourteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and ninety-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eighteenth.

**William J. Clinton**

[Filed with the Office of the Federal Register, 10:52 a.m., June 15, 1994]

NOTE: This proclamation was published in the *Federal Register* on June 16.

### **Message to the Congress Transmitting the Report of the Federal Prevailing Rate Advisory Committee**

*June 14, 1994*

*To the Congress of the United States:*

In accordance with section 5347(e) of title 5 of the United States Code, I transmit herewith the 1993 annual report of the Federal Prevailing Rate Advisory Committee.

**William J. Clinton**

The White House,  
June 14, 1994.

### **Nomination for Under Secretary for Health at the Department of Veterans Affairs**

*June 14, 1994*

The President today announced his intention to nominate Kenneth W. Kizer of Maryland as Under Secretary for Health in the Department of Veterans Affairs.

“Dr. Kizer brings a wide range of clinical and administrative experience to the VA and tested leadership, which will be crucial to the department’s success in the framework of national health care reform,” the President said.

NOTE: A biography of the nominee was made available by the Office of the Press Secretary.

### **Nomination for Chairman of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission**

*June 14, 1994*

The President today announced his intent to nominate Gilbert F. Casellas as Chairman of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.

“Gilbert Casellas’ dedication and commitment to providing equal opportunities to all Americans and his skilled ability to build consensus around even the most complex issues make me proud to nominate him to chair this essential commission,” the President said.

NOTE: A biography of the nominee was made available by the Office of the Press Secretary.

### **Remarks on North Korea and an Exchange With Reporters**

*June 15, 1994*

**The President.** Let me say I’m very pleased to have this opportunity for another meeting with the bipartisan leadership. We will be discussing a number of issues today, but let me mention one in particular, North Korea.

Ambassador Albright will be beginning her discussions today at the United Nations about a sanctions resolution which we proposed which would include phased sanctions designed to deal not only with the actions of the North Koreans to date but as a deterrent to future destructive conduct with regard to the IAEA and the NPT. So we’re going to be very deliberate, very firm. I feel that we are pursuing the proper course at this time.

In addition to that, of course, we’ll be discussing health care, the crime bill, welfare

reform, campaign financing, a number of other issues. But I did want to make that statement about Korea.

### **North Korea**

**Q.** Mr. President, what do you hope former President Carter tells the North Koreans in these meetings there?

**The President.** I think he will reaffirm our position. What I'm more hopeful of is that he will get a better sense from them about where they are, and they will understand that we are very firm in our position, but that there is an alternative path and a very good one for North Korea to take, that they don't have to become more isolated, they could become more engaged in the world in ways that would be much better for their own people.

**Q.** Do you think they're misreading your resolve in this case?

**The President.** I don't think that. I think that apparently they're pursuing a course of their own interests, which at least to the rest of us seems self-defeating. I believe that if you look at what—if you imagine where the people of North Korea might be 10 or 20 years from now, they would be far better off and more prosperous, engaged in the world, rather than isolated from it, being rewarded for their work rather than for some—

**Q.** But you've softened your stand, haven't you, on sanctions? I mean, you're going much easier.

**The President.** No. We're proceeding ahead. We're consulting with our allies, we're working with—we think that we're doing the right thing.

**Q.** Are the Chinese on board?

### **Health Care Reform**

**Q.** Are you willing to accept some kind of a trigger or fast track mechanism to impose universal coverage down the road on health care?

**The President.** I'm not convinced it would achieve universal coverage, but let me say that when I put my ideas out, I made clear that I was very flexible on how to get there, how to solve this problem, which is a system that costs too much and does too little, and that we ought to find a way to cover the American people just the way every other advanced country has covered all their peo-

ple. We're the only ones who can't figure out how to do it. Everybody else has already done it, and for a lot less money. And—but that I've been very open on how to do it and very open to anybody else's ideas. I just thought that the rest of the American people ought to be taken care of, just the way the President is, the way that Members of Congress are, the way we all are. And that's still where I am, and I still think that's what we ought to be shooting for. And when I mentioned it in my speech on health care, members of both parties stood up and applauded it and said they were for covering all Americans. So I think that we will proceed in good faith on that; we'll get that done.

NOTE: The President spoke at 10:22 a.m. in the Cabinet Room at the White House prior to discussions with congressional leaders. A tape was not available for verification of the content of these remarks.

### **Remarks Honoring the NCAA Basketball Champion University of Arkansas Razorbacks**

*June 15, 1994*

**The President.** Thank you. I want to welcome Coach and Mrs. Richardson and the Razorbacks, all the staff and the friends who came with them from Arkansas. I want to also recognize the presence here in the audience—I see Congressman Thornton, but I think that Congresswoman Lambert and Congressman Dickey and Congressman Hutchinson are here. And Senator Bumpers and Senator Pryor called me and said that they were told they had to stay and vote. And I told them that their priorities might be a little out of order, but—[laughter]—they allowed as how you elected them to vote, and they're voting in the Senate, and they're very sorry they can't be here.

I think one reason I like basketball so much is it's gotten to be a lot like my job. It's more and more physical all the time. [Laughter] You get behind, and then you get ahead. You never know whether you're going to win until the end of the game, and people are questioning your judgment calls all the way through. [Laughter] I just wish that on