

Dated: April 13, 2009.

Mary Ellen Callahan,

Chief Privacy Officer, Department of
Homeland Security.

[FR Doc. E9-8868 Filed 4-16-09; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-9L-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR-5280-N-14]

Federal Property Suitable as Facilities To Assist the Homeless

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant
Secretary for Community Planning and
Development, HUD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This Notice identifies
unutilized, underutilized, excess, and
surplus Federal property reviewed by
HUD for suitability for possible use to
assist the homeless.

DATES: *Effective Date:* April 17, 2009.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Kathy Ezzell, Department of Housing
and Urban Development, 451 Seventh
Street SW., Room 7262, Washington, DC
20410; telephone (202) 708-1234; TTY
number for the hearing- and speech-
impaired (202) 708-2565, (these
telephone numbers are not toll-free), or
call the toll-free Title V information line
at 800-927-7588.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In
accordance with the December 12, 1988
court order in *National Coalition for the
Homeless v. Veterans Administration*,
No. 88-2503-OG (D.D.C.), HUD
publishes a Notice, on a weekly basis,
identifying unutilized, underutilized,
excess and surplus Federal buildings
and real property that HUD has
reviewed for suitability for use to assist
the homeless. Today's Notice is for the
purpose of announcing that no
additional properties have been
determined suitable or unsuitable this
week.

Dated: April 9, 2009.

Mark R. Johnston,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Special Needs.
[FR Doc. E9-8509 Filed 4-16-09; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

[FWS-R1-ES-2008-N0208; 10120-1113-
0000-C2]

Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Revised Recovery Plan for the 'Alala (*Corvus hawaiiensis*)

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service,
Interior.

ACTION: Notice of document availability:
revised recovery plan.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and
Wildlife Service, announce the
availability of the Revised Recovery
Plan for the Hawaiian crow or 'Alala
(*Corvus hawaiiensis*). This species,
found only on the island of Hawai'i, was
Federally listed as endangered in 1967.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the recovery plan
are available by request from the U.S.
Fish and Wildlife Service, Pacific
Islands Fish and Wildlife Office, 300
Ala Moana Boulevard, Room 3-122, Box
50088, Honolulu, HI 96850 (phone:
(808) 792-9400). An electronic copy of
the recovery plan is also available at
[http://endangered.fws.gov/recovery/
index.html#plans](http://endangered.fws.gov/recovery/index.html#plans). Printed copies of the
recovery plan will be available for
distribution 4 to 6 weeks after the
publication date of this notice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jeff
Burgett, Fish and Wildlife Biologist, at
the above Pacific Islands Fish and
Wildlife Office address and phone.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Recovery of endangered or threatened
animals and plants is a primary goal of
the Endangered Species Act (Act) (16
U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*) and our endangered
species program. Recovery means
improvement of the status of listed
species to the point at which listing is
no longer required under the criteria in
section 4(a)(1) of the Act.

The Act requires the development of
recovery plans for endangered or
threatened species unless such a plan
would not promote the conservation of
the species. Recovery plans help guide
the recovery effort by describing actions
considered necessary for the
conservation of the species, and
estimating time and cost for
implementing the measures needed for
recovery. We originally completed a
recovery plan for the 'Alala in 1982, but
the recommendations contained in that
plan are outdated given the species'
current status.

Section 4(f) of the Act requires that
we provide public notice and an

opportunity for public review and
comment during recovery plan
development. In fulfillment of this
requirement, we made the draft revised
recovery plan for the 'Alala (*Corvus
hawaiiensis*) available for public
comment from December 18, 2003
through February 20, 2004 (December
18, 2003, 68 FR 70527; December 22,
2003, 68 FR 71128). As we prepared this
final revised recovery plan, we
considered information provided during
the public comment period. We also
summarized this information in an
appendix to the plan.

The 'Alala or Hawaiian crow has been
federally listed as endangered since
1967 (35 FR 16047) and is also listed as
endangered by the State of Hawai'i. The
'Alala is endemic to the island of
Hawai'i. 'Alala were last observed in the
wild in 2002, and we now believe the
species to be extirpated from the wild.
In January 2008, there were 56 'Alala,
representing the entire known
population of the species, in captivity at
the Keauhou and Maui Bird
Conservation Centers, on Hawai'i and
Maui islands, respectively.

Historically, the 'Alala was restricted
to the dry and mesic forests in the
western and southern portions of the
island of Hawai'i. The species is
associated with 'ohi'a-koa (*Metrosideros
polymorpha*) and 'ohi'a-koa-koa (*Acacia
koa*) forests with an understory of native
fruit-bearing trees and shrubs. Current
threats include predation by nonnative
mammals and the endangered 'Io or
Hawaiian hawk (*Buteo solitarius*),
introduced diseases, and habitat loss
and fragmentation. Inbreeding
depression may be reducing the
reproductive success of the captive
population, and loss of wild behaviors
in captivity might reduce survivorship
of captive-raised birds released into the
wild. Recovery actions in this revised
plan are designed to address threats to
the 'Alala to achieve the recovery
objectives of downlisting to threatened
status and then eventually delisting
(removing from the list of endangered
and threatened species).

Because the 'Alala exists only as a
small population in captivity, the
revised recovery plan emphasizes
recovery actions for the next 5 years as
well as presenting an overall strategy for
long-term recovery. Given that recovery
will be based on releases of captive-bred
'Alala to the wild, and much of the data
necessary to determine the population
size and parameters needed for recovery
of the species do not exist at this time,
it is only possible to establish general
recovery criteria. We will consider the
'Alala to be recovered when the genetic
diversity that was present in the 'Alala

population in 2003 has been preserved to the maximum extent possible, the population as a whole is demographically stable, two or more subpopulations exist in the wild, persistence of wild subpopulations does not require additions from a captive flock, and peer-reviewed population models yield a probability of extinction of less than 5 percent within 100 years. Recovery will also require that threats to the species within suitable habitat have been managed so that 'Alala subpopulations in the wild are growing or stable in landscapes that include areas managed for native biodiversity.

The following recovery actions address key threats to the species as well as the funding and public support necessary to recover the 'Alala. First, we and our partners must manage the population of 'Alala, including both captive and future reintroduced birds, to minimize loss of genetic diversity. Second, we must identify and manage suitable habitat to reduce or remove threats, including disease and predators, and we must halt additional habitat loss or degradation and, if possible, reverse them. Third, we must establish new populations in managed suitable habitat. Fourth, we must garner public involvement and support to facilitate captive propagation of 'Alala and other recovery activities, including habitat management and 'Alala reintroduction. Fifth, the recovery program must use focused research and an adaptive management strategy to increase the effectiveness of captive propagation, release methods, and habitat management, and to minimize the time to recovery. Some of these recovery actions are ongoing or were initiated prior to the publication of this revised plan.

Authority: The authority for this action is section 4(f) of the Endangered Species Act, 16 U.S.C. 1533(f).

Dated: February 17, 2009.

David J. Wesley,

Regional Director, Region 1, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

[FR Doc. E9-8898 Filed 4-16-09; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

[FWS-R3-ES-2009-N0083]; [30120-1113-0000-F6]

Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Permit Applications

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability of permit applications; request for comments.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, invite the public to comment on the following applications to conduct certain activities with endangered species. With some exceptions, the Endangered Species Act (Act) prohibits activities with endangered and threatened species unless a Federal permit allows such activity. The Act requires that we invite public comment before issuing these permits.

DATES: We must receive any written comments on or before May 18, 2009.

ADDRESSES: Send written comments by electronic mail to permitsR3ES@fws.gov or by U.S. mail to the Regional Director, Attn: Peter Fasbender, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Ecological Services, 1 Federal Drive, Fort Snelling, MN 55111-4056.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Peter Fasbender, (612) 713-5343.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

We invite public comment on the following permit applications for certain activities with endangered species authorized by section 10(a)(1)(A) of the Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*) and our regulations governing the taking of endangered species in the Code of Federal Regulations at 50 CFR part 17. Submit your written data, comments, or request for a copy of the complete application to one of the addresses shown in **ADDRESSES**. When submitting comments, please refer to the appropriate permit application number.

Permit Applications

Permit Application Number: TE212393.
Applicant: Kenneth Mierzwa, Eureka, California.

The applicant requests a permit to take (capture and release) Hines' emerald dragonfly (*Somatochlora hineana*) adults and larvae in Will County, Illinois, for the purpose of population monitoring and recovery of the species. Proposed activities are for the purpose of enhancement of survival of the species in the wild.

Permit Application Number: TE212417.
Applicant: Central Lake Superior Land Conservancy, Marquette, Michigan.

The applicant requests a permit to take (harass, salvage) piping plover (*Charadrius melodus*) along the Great Lakes shoreline in the proximity of Grand Marais and Gulliver, Michigan. Take is in the form of nest monitoring and protection activities and abandoned egg salvage for the purpose of

cooperating with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service on captive breeding and release. Proposed activities are aimed at enhancement of the survival of the species in the wild.

Permit Application Number: TE212423.
Applicant: Jessica Brzyski, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The applicant requests a permit renewal to take (collect) federally threatened Virginia Spirea (*Spirea virginiana*) on Federal lands in Kentucky, West Virginia, and Tennessee. Proposed collection of leaf tissue and seeds for recovery research is for the enhancement of propagation and survival of the species in the wild.

Permit Application Number: TE212420.
Applicant: John Vucetich, Houghton, Michigan.

The applicant requests a permit renewal to take (capture and release; salvage) gray wolf (*Canis lupus*) within Isle Royale National Park, Michigan, for recovery research aimed at enhancement of the survival of the species in the wild.

Permit Application Number: TE212425.
Applicant: Ecology & Environment, Inc., Lancaster, New York.

The applicant requests a permit to take (capture and release) the American burying beetle (*Nicrophorus americanus*) throughout the range of the species (Rhode Island, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Nebraska, and Ohio) to document presence or absence of the species. Activities are proposed to enable wind energy project proponents to avoid impacts to the species in the interest of enhancing survival of the species in the wild.

Permit Application Number: TE212427.
Applicant: Ecology & Environment, Inc., Lancaster, New York.

The applicant requests a permit to take (capture and release) Indiana bats (*Myotis sodalis*), gray bats (*Myotis grisescens*) and Ozark big-eared bat (*Corynorhinus townsendii ingens*) throughout Ohio, Missouri, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Indiana, and Illinois. The activities proposed under this permit application include presence or absence surveys, studies to document habitat use, population monitoring, and evaluation of potential impacts of proposed projects. Activities are proposed for enhancement of the survival of the species in the wild.

Permit Application Number: TE212430.
Applicant: Dr. Francesca Cuthbert, University of Minnesota, St. Paul, Minnesota.

The applicant requests a permit renewal to take piping plover in Michigan and Wisconsin. The research entails capture and marking of piping plovers, erecting nesting enclosures to